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[ASSENTED TO 30 MAY 1996]

[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 15 JANUARY 1997]

(Unless otherwise indicated)

You are currently viewing the full Act.

*(English text signed by the President)***published in**

GG 17242 of 14 June 1996

commencements

(see s. 106 of this Act)

provisions	date	refer to
whole Act, except s. 86 (2) and (3)	15 January 1997	Proc R4 in GG 17725 of 15 January 1997
s. 86 (2) and (3)	15 January 1998	Proc R4 in GG 17725 of 15 January 1997

as amended

by	with effect from	refer to
Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 72 of 1997	15 January 1998; 15 January 1997	s. 48 of Act 72 of 1997; Proc 2 in GG 18626 of 15 January 1998
Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act 28 of 2002	1 May 2004	s. 111 of Act 28 of 2002; Proc R25 in GG 26264 of 23 April 2004
Skills Development Amendment Act 31 of 2003	14 November 2003	s. 30 of Act 31 of 2003
Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 74 of 2008	30 May 2009; to be proclaimed	s. 35 of Act 74 of 2008; Proc 38 in GG 32226 of 12 May 2009

[NB: The Act was amended by the substitution, wherever they occur, for the expression 'Chief Inspector' of the expression 'Chief Inspector of Mines'; for the expression 'Government Gazette' of the expression 'Gazette'; for the expressions 'owner', 'owner or an employer', 'owner or manager', 'owner or the employer', 'owner, manager', 'management' and 'an owner or employer' of the expression 'employer'; and for the expressions 'owners' and 'owners, employers and managers' of the expression 'employers'; and by the substitution, wherever they occur except in ss. 3 and 4, for the expression 'manager' of the expression 'employer'; for the expression 'a manager' of the expression 'an employer'; and for the expression 'managers' of the expression 'employers', by s. 47 of the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998). The Act was amended by the substitution, wherever they occur, for the expression 'permanent committee' of the word 'committee' or 'committees' and for the expression 'Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act' of the expression 'Minerals Act', by s. 34 of the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

Regulations under this Act**ACT****To provide for protection of the health and safety of employees and other persons at mines and, for that purpose-****to promote a culture of health and safety;****to provide for the enforcement of health and safety measures;****to provide for appropriate systems of employee, employer and State participation in health and safety matters;****to establish representative tripartite institutions to review legislation, promote health and enhance properly targeted research;****to provide for effective monitoring systems and inspections, investigations and inquiries to improve health and safety;****to promote training and human resources development;****to regulate employers' and employees' duties to identify hazards and eliminate, control and minimise the risk to health and safety;****to entrench the right to refuse to work in dangerous conditions; and****to give effect to the public international law obligations of the Republic relating to mining health and safety;****and to provide for matters connected therewith.**

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa as follows:-

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[Schedule 8 added by s. 33 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

1 This Act has been updated to include all available historical commencement details

2 An italicised word or phrase indicates that the word or phrase is defined in section 102 of this Act²

CHAPTER 1
OBJECTS OF ACT (s 1)

1 Objects of Act

The objects of *this Act* are-

- (a) to protect the *health and safety* of persons at *mines*;
- (b) to require *employers* and *employees* to identify *hazards* and eliminate, control and minimise the *risks* relating to *health and safety* at *mines*;
- (c) to give effect to the public international law obligations of the Republic that concern *health and safety* at *mines*;
- (d) to provide for *employee* participation in matters of *health and safety* through *health and safety representatives* and the *health and safety committees* at *mines*;
- (e) to provide for effective monitoring of *health and safety* conditions at *mines*;
- (f) to provide for enforcement of *health and safety* measures at *mines*;
- (g) to provide for investigations and inquiries to improve *health and safety* at *mines*; and
- (h) to promote-
 - (i) a culture of *health and safety* in the mining industry;
 - (ii) training in *health and safety* in the mining industry; and
 - (iii) co-operation and consultation on *health and safety* between the State, *employers*, *employees* and their representatives.

CHAPTER 2
HEALTH AND SAFETY AT MINES (ss 2-24)

2 Employer to ensure safety

(1) The *employer* of every *mine* that is being worked must-

- (a) ensure, as far as *reasonably practicable*, that the *mine* is designed, constructed and equipped-
 - (i) to provide conditions for safe operation and a *healthy* working environment; and
 - (ii) with a communication system and with electrical, mechanical and other equipment as necessary to achieve those conditions;
- (b) ensure, as far as *reasonably practicable*, that the *mine* is commissioned, operated, maintained and decommissioned in such a way that *employees* can perform their work without endangering the *health and safety* of themselves or of any other person;
- (c) compile an annual report on *health and safety* at the *mine* including the statistics on *health and safety* that must be kept in terms of *this Act* and the annual medical report referred to in section 16; and
- (d) if the *employer* is a body corporate, and employs more than 50 *employees*, publish and distribute the report referred to in paragraph (c), in an appropriate form, to the body corporate's shareholders or members.

[Para. (d) substituted by s. 1 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) The *employer* of a *mine* that is not being worked, but in respect of which a closure certificate in terms of the *Minerals and Petroleum Resources and Development Act* has not been issued, must take reasonable steps to continuously prevent injuries, ill-health, loss of life or damage of any kind from occurring at or because of the *mine*.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 1 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

2A Chief executive officer charged with certain functions

(1) Every *chief executive officer* must take reasonable steps to ensure that the functions of the *employer* as contemplated in *this Act*, are properly performed.

(2) Without derogating from any responsibility or liability of the *chief executive officer* in terms of subsection (1), the *chief executive officer* may entrust any function contemplated in the said subsection to any person under the control of the *chief executive officer*, which person must act subject to the control and directions of the *chief executive officer*.

(3) If the employer is a body corporate, the functions of the *chief executive officer* contemplated in subsections (1) and (2) may be performed by a member of the board of the body corporate designated by the board.

(4) Subsections (1), (2) and (3) do not relieve an *employer* of any duty imposed on *employers* by *this Act*.

(5) Every person appointed in terms of section 3 or 4 (1) must perform their functions subject to the control and direction of the *chief executive officer* or the person contemplated in subsection (3).

(6) (a) The employer must inform the *Chief Inspector of Mines*, in writing, within seven days of the appointment of the *chief executive officer*.

(b) The information to the *Chief Inspector of Mines* include [sic]-

- (i) the name of the *chief executive officer*;
- (ii) the nature of such person's function; and
- (iii) the name of persons who are *managers* under the supervision of the *chief executive officer*.

[Sub-s. (6) added by s. 2 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

[S. 2A inserted by s. 2 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

3 Employer must appoint manager

(1) The *employer* of every *mine* that is being worked must-

- (a) appoint one or more *managers* with the qualifications as may be prescribed to be responsible for the day to day management and operation of the *mine*, and if more than one *manager* is appointed, ensure that the *managers'* functions do not overlap;
[Para. (a) substituted by s. 3 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (b) supply the *managers* with the means to perform their functions; and
- (c) take reasonable steps to ensure that the *managers* perform their functions.

(2) The appointment of a *manager* does not relieve the *employer* of any duty imposed on *employers* by *this Act* or any other law.

(3) If no *manager* is appointed in terms of subsection (1), the *employer* must perform the functions of a *manager* in terms of *this Act*.

4 Employer may entrust functions to another person

(1) An *employer* may appoint any person except a *manager* to perform any function entrusted to the *employer* by sections 2 and 3 of *this Act*.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 4 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2)⁴ An *employer* who appoints a person under subsection (1) must notify the *Chief Inspector of Mines* of that appointment within seven days, and must include in that notice-

- (a) the name of the person appointed;
- (b) the nature of the person's functions; and
- (c) the names of the *manager* or *managers* over whom that person has control.

(3) An *employer* who appoints a person under subsection (1) must-

- (a) supply each person appointed with the means to perform their functions; and
- (b) take reasonable steps to ensure that they perform their functions.

(4) The appointment of a person under subsection (1) does not relieve the *employer* of any duty imposed on *employers* by *this Act* or any other law.

⁴ The Chief Inspector of Mines is appointed in terms of s. 48; and the Chief Inspector of Mines' functions are set out in s. 49.

5 Employer to maintain healthy and safe mine environment

(1) As far as *reasonably practicable*, every *employer* must provide and maintain a working environment that is safe and without *risk* to the *health* of *employees*.

(2) As far as *reasonably practicable*, every *employer* must-

- (a) identify the relevant *hazards* and assess the related *risks* to which persons who are not *employees* may be exposed; and
- (b) ensure that persons who are not *employees*, but who may be directly affected by the activities at the *mine*, are not exposed to any *hazards* to their health and safety.

[S. 5 substituted by s. 5 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

6 Employer to ensure adequate supply of health and safety equipment⁵

(1) Every *employer* must-

- (a) supply all necessary *health and safety equipment* and *health and safety facilities* to each *employee*; and
- (b) maintain, as far as *reasonably practicable*, that equipment and those facilities in a serviceable and hygienic condition.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 6 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) Every *employer* must ensure that sufficient quantities of all necessary personal protective equipment are available so that every *employee* who is required to use that equipment is able to do so.

(3) Every *employer* must take reasonable steps to ensure that all *employees* who are required to use personal protective equipment are instructed in the proper use, the limitations and the appropriate maintenance of that equipment.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 6 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

⁵ Employees have a duty to use and take care of personal protective equipment and other health and safety facilities. See s. 22.

Interference with health and safety facilities is an offence. See s. 84.

Employees must not be made to pay for health and safety facilities. See s. 24.

7 Employer to staff mine with due regard to health and safety

(1)⁶ As far as *reasonably practicable*, every *employer* must-

- (a) ensure that every *employee* complies with the requirements of *this Act*;
- (b) institute the measures necessary to secure, maintain and enhance *health and safety*;
- (c) provide persons appointed under subsections (2) and (4) with the means to comply with the requirements of *this Act* and with any instruction given by an *inspector*;
[Para. (c) substituted by s. 7 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (d) consider an *employee*'s training and capabilities in respect of *health and safety* before assigning a task to that *employee*; and
- (e) ensure that work is performed under the general supervision of a person trained to understand the *hazards* associated with the work and who has the authority to ensure that the precautionary measures laid down by the *employer* are implemented.

[Sub-s. (1) amended by s. 7 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) The *employer* may appoint any person with qualifications as may be prescribed to perform any function of the *employer* in terms of *this*

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 7 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(3) The appointment of a person under subsection (2) does not relieve the *employer* of any duty imposed on *employers* by *this Act*.

(4) An *employer* may appoint any person with qualifications as may be prescribed to perform any function of the *employer* in terms of *this Act*.

[Sub-s. (4) added by s. 7 (d) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(5) The appointment of a person under subsection (4) does not relieve the *employer* of any duty imposed on *employers* by *this Act*.

[Sub-s. (5) added by s. 7 (d) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

6 Employees have a duty to comply with health and safety measures. See s. 22.

8 Employer must establish health and safety policy

(1) Every *employer* must prepare a document that-

- (a) describes the organisation of work;
- (b) establishes a policy concerning the protection of *employees' health and safety* at work;
- (c) establishes a policy concerning the protection of persons who are not *employees* but who may be directly affected by the activities at the *mine*; and

[Para. (c) substituted by s. 8 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- (d) outlines the arrangements for carrying out and reviewing policies.

(2)⁷ The *employer* must consult with the *health and safety committee* on the preparation or revision of the document and policies referred to in subsection (1).

(3) The *employer* must-

- (a) prominently and conspicuously display a copy of the document referred to in subsection (1) for *employees* to read; and
- (b) give each *health and safety representative* a copy of the document.

7 The requirements for establishing a health and safety committee are set out in Chapter 3.

9 Codes of practice

(1) Any *employer* may prepare and implement a code of practice on any matter affecting the *health or safety of employees* and other persons who may be directly affected by activities at the *mine*.

(2) An *employer* must prepare and implement a code of practice on any matter affecting the *health or safety of employees* and other persons who may be directly affected by activities at the *mine* if the *Chief Inspector of Mines* requires it.

(3) A code of practice required by the *Chief Inspector of Mines* must comply with guidelines issued by the *Chief Inspector of Mines*.

(4) The *employer* must consult with the *health and safety committee* on the preparation, implementation or revision of any code of practice.

(5) The *employer* must deliver a copy of every code of practice prepared in terms of subsection (2) to the *Chief Inspector of Mines*.

(6) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must review a code of practice of a *mine* if requested to do so by a *registered trade union* with members at the *mine*, or a *health and safety committee* or a *health and safety representative* at the *mine*.

(7) At any time, an *inspector* may instruct an *employer* to review any code of practice within a specified period if that code of practice-

- (a) does not comply with a guideline of the *Chief Inspector of Mines*; or
- (b) is inadequate to protect the *health or safety of employees*.

10 Employer to provide health and safety training

(1)⁸ As far as *reasonably practicable*, every *employer* must-

- (a) provide *employees* with any information, instruction, training or supervision that is necessary to enable them to perform their work safely and without *risk to health*; and
- (b) ensure that every *employee* becomes familiar with work-related *hazards* and *risks* and the measures that must be taken to eliminate, control and minimise those *hazards and risks*.

(2) As far as *reasonably practicable*, every *employer* must ensure that every *employee* is properly trained-

- (a) to deal with every *risk* to the *employee's health or safety* that-
 - (i) is associated with any work that the *employee* has to perform; and
 - (ii) has been recorded in terms of section 11;
- (b) in the measures necessary to eliminate, control and minimise those *risks to health or safety*;
- (c) in the procedures to be followed to perform that *employee's work*; and
- (d) in relevant emergency procedures.

(3) In respect of every *employee*, the provisions of subsection (2) must be complied with-

- (a) before that *employee* first starts work;
- (b) at intervals determined by the *employer* after consulting the *health and safety committee*;
- (c) before significant changes are introduced to procedures, mining and ventilation layouts, mining methods, plant or equipment and material; and
- (d) before significant changes are made to the nature of that *employee's occupation or work*.

(4) The *employer* must keep a record of all formal training provided in respect of each *employee* in terms of subsection (2).

[Sub-s. (4) added by s. 3 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(5) All *mines* must submit a workplace skills plan and the annual training reports to the Mining Qualifications Authority.

[Sub-s. (5) added by s. 3 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

8 Employees must not be made to pay for health and safety training. See s. 24.

11 Employer to assess and respond to risk

(1) Every *employer* must-

- (a) identify the *hazards to health or safety* to which *employees* may be exposed while they are at work;

- (b) assess the risks to health or safety to which employees may be exposed while they are at work;
- (c) record the significant hazards identified and risks assessed; and
- (d) make those records available for inspection by employees.

(2) Every employer, after consulting the *health and safety committee* at the mine, must determine all measures, including changing the organisation of work and the design of safe systems of work, necessary to-

- (a) eliminate any recorded risk;
- (b) control the risk at source;
- (c) minimise the risk; and
- (d) in so far as the risk remains-
 - (i) provide for personal protective equipment; and
 - (ii) institute a programme to monitor the risk to which employees may be exposed.

(3) Every employer must, as far as reasonably practicable, implement the measures determined necessary in terms of subsection (2) in the order in which the measures are listed in the paragraphs of that subsection.

(4) Every employer must-

- (a) periodically review the hazards identified and risks assessed, including the results of occupational hygiene measurements and medical surveillance, to determine whether further elimination, control and minimisation of risk is possible; and
- (b) consult with the *health and safety committee* on the review.

(5) Every employer must-

- (a) conduct an investigation into every-
 - (i) accident that must be reported in terms of this Act;
 - (ii) serious illness; and
 - (iii) health-threatening occurrence;

(aA) commence an investigation referred to in paragraph (a) within 10 days from the date of such accident, serious illness or health threatening occurrence;

[Para. (aA) inserted by s. 4 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(b) consult the *health and safety committee* on investigations in terms of this section;

(c) conduct an investigation in co-operation with the *health and safety representative* responsible for the working place in which the investigation takes place;

(d) on completion of each investigation, prepare a report that-

(i) identifies the causes and the underlying causes of the accident, serious illness or health-threatening occurrence;

[Sub-para. (i) substituted by s. 4 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(ii) identifies any unsafe conditions, acts, or procedures that contributed in any manner to the accident, serious illness or health-threatening occurrence; and

(iii) makes recommendations to prevent a similar accident, serious illness or health-threatening occurrence; and

(e) deliver a copy of the report referred to in paragraph (d) within 30 days from the date of the accident, serious illness or health-threatening occurrence being investigated to the *Principal Inspector of Mines* and the *health and safety committee*. If there is no *health and safety committee* the employer must deliver a copy of the report to the *health and safety representative* responsible for the working place.

[Para. (e) substituted by s. 4 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(5A) An investigation in terms of subsection (5) must be completed within 30 days after the accident, serious illness or health-threatening occurrence being investigated or such longer period as the *Principal Inspector of Mines* may permit.

[Sub-s. (5A) inserted by s. 4 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(5B) The employer must notify the *Principal Inspector of Mines* of any accident or occurrence at a mine that results in-

- (a) the serious injury;
- (b) illness; or
- (c) death,

of any person, in order to allow the *Principal Inspector of Mines* to instruct an *Inspector* to conduct an investigation simultaneously with the employer as required in section 11 (5) (a).

[Sub-s. (5B) inserted by s. 4 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(6)⁹ An investigation referred to in subsection (5) may be held jointly with an investigation conducted by an *inspector* in terms of section 60.

(7) If there is no *health and safety committee* at a mine, the consultations required in this section must be held with-

- (a) the *health and safety representatives*; or
- (b) if there is no *health and safety representative* at the mine, with the employees.

(8) In the event of an incident in which a person died, or was injured to such an extent that he or she is likely to die, or suffered the loss of a limb or part of a limb, no person may without the consent of the *Principal Inspector of Mines* disturb the site at which the incident occurred or remove any article or substance involved in the incident: Provided that an article or substance may only be removed if it is necessary to-

- (a) prevent any further incident;
- (b) remove the injured or dead; or
- (c) rescue any person from danger.

[Sub-s. (8) added by s. 4 (e) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

⁹ Section 60 empowers an inspector to investigate health and safety hazards if instructed by the Chief Inspector of Mines or requested by a trade union, a health and safety representative or a health and safety committee.

12 Employer to conduct occupational hygiene measurements

(1) The employer must engage the part-time or full-time services of a person qualified in occupational hygiene techniques to measure levels of exposure to hazards at the mine-

- (a) if required to do so by regulation or a notice in the Gazette; or
- (b) if, after assessing risks in terms of section 11 (1), it is necessary to do so.

(2) Every system of occupational hygiene measurements must-

- (a) be appropriate, considering the hazards to which the employees are or may be exposed; and
- (b) be designed so that it provides information that the employer can use in determining measures to eliminate, control and minimise the

health risks and hazards to which *employees* are or may be exposed.

(3) The employer must keep a record of all occupational hygiene measurements in terms of subsection (1) in a manner that can be linked as far as practicable to each employee's record of medical surveillance.

13 Employer to establish system of medical surveillance

(1) The employer must establish and maintain a system of medical surveillance of employees exposed to health hazards-

- (a) if required to do so by regulation or a notice in the Gazette; or
- (b) if, after assessing risks in terms of section 11 (1), it is necessary to do so.

(2) Every system of medical surveillance must-

- (a) be appropriate, considering the health hazards to which the employees are or may be exposed;
- (b) be designed so that it provides information that the employer can use in determining measures to-
 - (i) eliminate, control and minimise the health risk and hazards to which employees are or may be exposed; or
 - (ii) prevent, detect and treat occupational diseases; and
- (c) consist of an initial medical examination and other medical examinations at appropriate intervals.

(3) Every employer who establishes or maintains a system of medical surveillance must-

- (a) engage the part-time or full-time services of-
 - (i) an occupational medical practitioner; and
 - (ii)

[Sub-para. (ii) deleted by s. 5 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

- (b) supply the practitioners with the means to perform their functions; and

- (c) keep a record of medical surveillance for each employee exposed to a health hazard.

(4)

[Sub-s. (4) deleted by s. 5 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(4A) The employer must inform the Principal Inspector of Mines, in writing, within seven days of the appointment of the occupational medical practitioner.

[Sub-s. (4A) inserted by s. 5 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(4B) The information submitted in terms of subsection (4A) must include-

- (a) the name of a occupational medical practitioner;
- (b) his or her practice number; and
- (c) whether the occupational medical practitioner is engaged full time or part time.

[Sub-s. (4B) inserted by s. 5 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(5) An occupational medical practitioner must take every measure that is reasonably practicable to-

- (a) promote the health and safety of employees at the mine; and
- (b) assist employees in matters related to occupational medicine.

(6)¹⁰ If any employee is declared unfit to perform work as a result of an occupational disease, the employer must conduct an investigation in terms of section 11 (5).

(7) If an employee is temporarily unfit to perform work as a result of any occupational disease, but there is a reasonable expectation that the employee's health will improve so that the employee can return to work, the occupational medical practitioner must record that fact and notify both the employer and employee of it.

(8) The employer must-

- (a) retain the records referred to in sections 12 (3), 13 (3) (c) and 14 (1) until the mine closes; and
- (b) when the mine closes, deliver those records to the Medical Inspector.

10 Employees have the right to challenge a decision that they are unfit to perform work. See s. 20.

14 Record of hazardous work

(1) The employer at every mine must keep a service record, in the prescribed form, of employees at the mine who perform work in respect of which medical surveillance is conducted in terms of section 13.

(2) The employer must deliver to the Medical Inspector a copy of the relevant part of the record kept in terms of subsection (1)-

- (a) when an employee whose name appears in that record ceases to be employed at that mine; or
- (b) when required to do so by the Chief Inspector of Mines.

15 Record of medical surveillance

(1)¹¹ An employee's record of medical surveillance kept in terms of section 13 (3) (c) must be kept confidential and may be made available only-

- (a) in accordance with the ethics of medical practice;
- (b) if required by law or court order; or
- (c) if the employee has consented, in writing, to the release of that information.

(2) Any person required to maintain an employee's record of medical surveillance must-

- (a) store it safely; and
- (b) not destroy it or dispose of it, or allow it to be destroyed or disposed of, for 40 years from the last date of the medical surveillance of that employee.

11 Improper disclosure of confidential information is an offence. See s. 87.

Breach of confidence may result in an administrative sanction. See s. 39.

16 Annual medical reports

(1) Every occupational medical practitioner at a mine must compile an annual report covering employees at that mine, giving an analysis of the employees' health based on the employees' records of medical surveillance, without disclosing the names of the employees.

(2) The annual report compiled in terms of subsection (1) must be given to the employer, who must deliver one copy of the report to each

of-

(a)

[Para. (a) deleted by s. 9 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- (b) the health and safety committees, or if there is no health and safety committee, the health and safety representatives; and
(c) the Medical Inspector.

17 Exit certificates

(1) If an employee was subject to, or was required to be subject to, medical surveillance in terms of this Act and such employee's employment at a mine is terminated for any reason, the employer must arrange an exit medical examination of the employee.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 10 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) The examination referred to in subsection (1) must be held before, or within 30 days after, termination of employment.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 6 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(3) The employee must attend the examination.

(4) The occupational medical practitioner conducting the examination must-

- (a) produce an exit certificate with respect to that employee indicating the results of all medical surveillance and the presence or absence of any occupational disease; and
(b) enter a copy of the exit certificate into the employee's record of medical surveillance.

18 Costs of examination

The employer must pay the costs of all clinical examinations and medical tests performed in terms of this Act unless this Act expressly provides otherwise.

19 Employees' right to information

(1) An employee may request, and the employer must then provide, a copy of the record or of any part of it that-

- (a) ¹²is being kept in terms of sections 12 (3) and 13 (3) (c); and
(b) relates to that employee.

(2) The occupational medical practitioner conducting an examination in terms of section 17 must provide the employee with a copy of the exit certificate prepared as a result of that examination.

¹² Section 12 (3) instructs the manager to keep a record of all occupational hygiene measurements so that they can be linked to each employee's record of medical surveillance.

Section 13 (3) (c) instructs every manager to keep a record of medical surveillance for each employee exposed to a health hazard.

20 Employee may dispute finding of unfitness to perform work

(1) An employee may appeal to the Medical Inspector against-

- (a) a decision that the employee is unfit to perform any particular category of work; or
(b) any finding of an occupational medical practitioner contained in an exit certificate prepared in terms of section 17.

(2) An appeal under subsection (1) must-

- (a) be lodged with the Medical Inspector within 30 days of the relevant decision or finding, or such further period as may be prescribed; and
[Para. (a) substituted by s. 11 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(b) state the grounds of the appeal.

(3) When the Medical Inspector receives an appeal under subsection (1), the Medical Inspector must choose a medical practitioner who is not employed by the employer of the employee, and arrange for that employee to be re-examined by that medical practitioner, at the cost of the Chief Inspector of Mines.

(4) The medical practitioner referred to in subsection (3) must report to the Medical Inspector, who must then consider the appeal and-

- (a) confirm, set aside or vary the decision or finding of the occupational medical practitioner; or
(b) substitute any other decision or finding for that decision or finding.

(5) Nothing in this section precludes an employee from-

- (a) obtaining and paying for a medical opinion from any other medical practitioner; or
(b) pursuing any other legal remedy.

(6) For the purposes of this section, 'employee' includes any applicant for employment who has previously been employed at a mine.

(7) An employee lodging an appeal under subsection (1) may not be dismissed on any grounds relating to unfitness to perform work, pending the outcome of the appeal.

[Sub-s. (7) added by s. 7 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

21 Manufacturer's and supplier's duty for health and safety¹³

(1) Any person who-

- (a) designs, manufactures, repairs, imports or supplies any article for use at a mine must ensure, as far as reasonably practicable-
(i) that the article is safe and without risk to health and safety when used properly; and
(ii) that it complies with all the requirements in terms of this Act;
(b) erects or installs any article for use at a mine must ensure, as far as reasonably practicable, that nothing about the manner in which it is erected or installed makes it unsafe or creates a risk to health and safety when used properly; or
(c) designs, manufactures, erects or installs any article for use at a mine must ensure, as far as reasonably practicable, that ergonomic principles are considered and implemented during design, manufacture, erection or installation.

(2) Any person who bears a duty in terms of subsection (1) is relieved of that duty to the extent that is reasonable in the circumstances, if-

- (a) that person designs, manufactures, repairs, imports or supplies an article for or to another person; and
(b) that other person provides a written undertaking to take specified steps sufficient to ensure, as far as reasonably practicable, that the article will be safe and without risk to health and safety when used properly and that it complies with all prescribed requirements.

(3) Any person who designs or constructs a building or structure, including a temporary structure, for use at a mine must ensure, as far as reasonably practicable, that the design or construction is safe and without risk to health and safety when used properly.

- (4) Every person who manufactures, imports or supplies any hazardous substance for use at a mine must-
- ensure, as far as reasonably practicable, that the substance is safe and without risk to health and safety when used, handled, processed, stored or transported at a mine in accordance with the information provided in terms of paragraph (b);
 - provide adequate information about-
 - the use of the substance;
 - the risks to health and safety associated with the substance;
 - any restriction or control on the use, transport and storage of the substance, including but not limited to exposure limits;
 - the safety precautions to ensure that the substance is without risk to health or safety;
 - the procedure to be followed in the case of an accident involving excessive exposure to the substance, or any other emergency involving the substance; and
 - the disposal of used containers in which the substance has been stored and any waste involving the substance; and
 - ¹⁴ensure that the information provided in terms of paragraph (b) complies with the provisions of the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act 15 of 1973).

¹³ Negligent failure resulting in endangerment to a person at a mine is an offence. See s. 86.

¹⁴ The Hazardous Substances Act provides for the control of substances which may cause ill health due to their toxic or flammable nature.

22 Employees' duties for health and safety¹⁵

Every employee at a mine, while at that mine, must-

- take reasonable care to protect their own health and safety;
- take reasonable care to protect the health and safety of other persons who may be affected by any act or omission of that employee;
- ¹⁶use and take proper care of protective clothing, and other health and safety facilities and equipment provided for the protection, health or safety of that employee and other employees;
- report promptly to their immediate supervisor any situation which the employee believes presents a risk to the health or safety of that employee or any other person, and with which the employee cannot properly deal;
- co-operate with any person to permit compliance with the duties and responsibilities placed on that person in terms of this Act; and
- comply with prescribed health and safety measures.

¹⁵ It is an offence to fail to comply with a duty under this Act. See s. 91.
It is an offence to discriminate against an employee who has asserted any right granted by this Act. See s. 83.

¹⁶ Employers have a duty to provide personal protective equipment for employees. See s. 6.

23 Employees' right to leave dangerous working place¹⁷

(1)¹⁸ The employee has the right to leave any working place whenever-

- circumstances arise at that working place which, with reasonable justification, appear to that employee to pose a serious danger to the health or safety of that employee; or
- the health and safety representative responsible for that working place directs that employee to leave that working place.

(2) Every employer, after consulting the health and safety committee at the mine, must determine effective procedures for the general exercise of the rights granted by subsection (1), and those procedures must provide for-

- notification of supervisors and health and safety representatives of dangers which have been perceived and responded to in terms of subsection (1);
- participation by representatives of employer and representatives of the employees in endeavouring to resolve any issue that may arise from the exercise of the right referred to in subsection (1);
- participation, where necessary, by an inspector or technical adviser to assist in resolving any issue that may arise from the exercise of the right referred to in subsection (1);
- where appropriate, the assignment to suitable alternative work of any employee who left, or refuses to work in, a working place contemplated in subsection (1); and

[Para. (d) substituted by s. 12 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- notification to any employee who has to perform work or is requested to perform work in a working place contemplated in subsection (1) of the fact that another employee has refused to work there and of the reason for that refusal.

(3) If there is no health and safety committee at a mine, the consultation required in subsection (2) must be held with-

- the health and safety representatives; or
- if there is no health and safety representative at the mine, with the employees.

(4) The Minister, by notice in the Gazette, must determine minimum requirements for the procedures contemplated in subsection (2).

[Sub-s. (4) added by s. 8 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

¹⁷ It is an offence to discriminate against an employee who has asserted any right granted by this Act. See s. 83.

¹⁸ A health and safety representative has the right to direct an employee to leave a dangerous working place. See s. 30 (1) (b).

24 Employees not to pay for safety measures

No person may make any deduction from an employee's wages, or permit an employee to make any payment to any person, in respect of anything which the employer is obliged to provide or to do in terms of this Act in the interest of the health and safety of an employee.

CHAPTER 3 HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVES AND COMMITTEES (ss 25-40)

25 Health and safety representatives and committees

(1)¹⁹ Every mine with 20 or more employees must have a health and safety representative for each shift at each designated working place at the mine.

(2) Every mine with 100 or more employees must have one or more health and safety committees.

(3)²⁰ A health and safety representative or a member of a health and safety committee does not incur any civil liability only because of

doing or failing to do something which a *health and safety representative* or a member of a *health and safety committee* may do or is required to do in terms of *this Act*.

19 The process for designating working places is set out in s. 27.

20 It is an offence to fail to do anything required by this Act. See s. 91.

26 Negotiations and consultations before appointment of representatives

(1) The *employer* of any *mine* where there must be a *health and safety representative* in terms of section 25 must meet, within the *prescribed period*, with the *representative trade union* of the *mine* to enter into negotiations to conclude a collective agreement concerning-

- (a) the designation of *working places*;
- (b) the number of full-time *health and safety representatives*;
- (c) the election or appointment of *health and safety representatives*;
- (d) the terms of office of *health and safety representatives* and the circumstances and the manner in which they may be removed from office;
- (e) the manner in which vacancies are to be filled;
- (f) the manner in which *health and safety representatives* must perform their functions in terms of *this Act*;
- (g) the procedures for the effective exercise of the right to withdraw from serious danger in terms of section 23;
- (h) 21circumstances and the manner in which meetings referred to in sections 30 (1) (i) and 31 (2) must be held;
- (i) 22the facilities and assistance that must be provided to a *health and safety representative* in terms of section 31 (3);
- (j) the training of *health and safety representatives*;
- (k) a procedure that provides for the conciliation and arbitration of disputes arising from the application or the interpretation of the collective agreement or any provision of this Chapter;

[Para. (k) substituted by s. 13 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- (l) any prescribed matter; and

- (m) any other matter which the parties believe will promote *health and safety* at the *mine* or *mines* concerned.

(2) Before concluding a collective agreement referred to in subsection (1) with the *representative trade union*, the *employer* must consult on the matters referred to in that subsection with all other *registered trade unions* with members at that *mine*.

(3) A collective agreement referred to in subsection (1) may include two or more *employers* as parties to the agreement.

(4) To the extent that an agreement concluded in terms of subsection (1) deals with any matter regulated by this Chapter or by any *regulation* regarding any matter regulated by this Chapter, the provisions of this Chapter or such *regulation* do not apply.

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 13 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(5)23 The provisions applicable to collective agreements in terms of the *Labour Relations Act*, read with the changes required by the context, apply to agreements concluded in terms of subsection (1).

(6) If there is no *representative trade union* at the *mine*, the *employer* must within the *prescribed period*-

- (a) consult with the *registered trade unions* with members at the *mine* on the matters referred to in subsection (1); and
- (b) endeavour to reach agreement on the number of full-time *health and safety representatives* at the *mine*.

(7) If there is no *registered trade union* with members at the *mine*, the *employer* must, within the *prescribed period*-

- (a) consult with the *employees* or any elected representative of the *employees* on the matters referred to in subsection (1); and
- (b) endeavour to reach agreement on the number of full-time *health and safety representatives* at the *mine*.

(8) A dispute exists if either-

- (a) no collective agreement in terms of subsection (1) is concluded on the number of full-time *health and safety representatives* at a *mine*; or
- (b) no agreement is reached in terms of either subsection (6) (b) or (7) (b).

(9) When a dispute exists in terms of subsection (8), any party to the dispute may refer it to the *Commission*.

(10) When a dispute is referred to the *Commission* under subsection (9), the *Commission* must attempt to resolve it through conciliation.

(11) If a dispute remains unresolved, any party to the dispute may request that it be resolved through arbitration, in which case the *Commission*, taking into account the guidelines in Schedule 1, must determine the number of full-time *health and safety representatives*.

(12) Nothing in this section precludes the *employer* from consulting with any *employee* who is not a member of a *registered trade union* or any representative of those *employees* concerning the matters referred to in subsection (1).

21 Section 30 (1) (i) allows a health and safety representative to attend any meeting of a health and safety committee when appropriate. Section 31 (2) requires an employer to provide reasonable time and facilities for employees to meet monthly with their health and safety representative.

22 Section 31 (3) requires an employer to provide health and safety representatives with the facilities, assistance and training necessary to enable them to function effectively.

23 See Part B of Chapter 3 of the Labour Relations Act.

27 Designation of working places

(1) If a collective agreement is concluded after the negotiations and consultations referred to in section 26, the *employer* must designate *working places* at the *mine* in accordance with that agreement.

(2) If no collective agreement is concluded after the negotiations and consultations referred to in section 26, the *employer* must designate *working places* at the *mine* so that-

- (a) every *working place* at the *mine* is designated;
- (b) no *health and safety representative* is responsible for more than 100 *employees*; and
- (c) no *health and safety representative* is responsible for more than 50 *employees* if the designated *working place* includes separate *working places*.

28 Qualifications of representatives

(1) To qualify to serve as a *health and safety representative* referred to in section 25 (1)24 an *employee* must-

- (a) be employed in a full-time capacity in the designated *working place*; and
- (b) be acquainted with conditions and activities at the designated *working place*.

(2) To qualify to serve as a full-time *health and safety representative* an *employee* must-

- (a) be employed in full-time capacity at the *mine*;
- (b) comply with any other qualifications which may be
 - (i) agreed by a *health and safety committee*; or
 - (ii) prescribed.

24 Section 25 (1) stipulates that every mine with 20 or more employees must have a health and safety representative for each shift at each designated working place.

29 Election and appointment of representatives

(1) At a *mine* referred to in section 25 (1), the *employees* in a designated *working place* may elect from among themselves *health and safety representatives*.

(2)²⁵ The *employees* at the *mine* may elect from among themselves any full-time *health and safety representatives* that may be agreed or determined in terms of section 26.

(3) The elections referred to in subsections (1) and (2) must be conducted in the *prescribed* manner.

(4) The *employee* selected as representatives in terms of this section must be appointed by the *employer* in the *prescribed* manner.

25 Section 26 deals with the election or appointment of health and safety representatives.

30 Rights and powers of representatives

(1) A *health and safety representative* may-

- (a) represent *employees* on all aspects of *health and safety*;
- (b) direct any *employee* to leave any *working place* whenever circumstances arise at that *working place* which, with reasonable justification, appears to the *health and safety representative* to pose a serious danger to the *health or safety* of that *employee*;
[Para. (b) substituted by s. 14 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (c) 26assist any *employee* who has left a *working place* in terms of section 23;
- (d) identify potential *hazards* and *risks* to *health or safety*;
- (e) make representations or recommendations to the *employer* or to a *health and safety committee* on any matter affecting the *health or safety* of *employees*;
- (f) inspect any relevant document which must be kept in terms of *this Act*;
- (g) request relevant information and reports from an *inspector*;
- (h) with the approval of the *employer*, be assisted by or consult an adviser or technical expert who may be either another *employee* or any other person;
- (i) attend any meeting of a *health and safety committee*-
 - (i) of which that representative is a member; or
 - (ii) which will consider a representation or recommendation made by that representative;
- (j) request-
 - (i) 27an *inspector* to conduct an investigation in terms of section 60; or
 - (ii) the *Chief Inspector of Mines* to conduct an inquiry in terms of section 65;
- (k) participate in consultations on *health and safety* with-
 - (i) the *employer* or person acting on behalf of the *employer*; or
 - (ii) an *inspector*;
- (l) participate in any *health and safety* inspection by-
 - (i) the *employer* or person acting on behalf of an *employer*; or
 - (ii) 28an *inspector*;
- (m) inspect *working places* with regard to the *health and safety* of *employees* at intervals agreed with the *employer*;
- (n) participate in any internal *health or safety audit*;
- (o) investigate complaints by any *employee* relating to *health and safety* at work;
- (p) examine the causes of accidents and other dangerous occurrences in collaboration with the *employer* or person acting on behalf of the *employer*;
- (q) visit the site of an accident or dangerous occurrence at any reasonable time;
- (r) attend a post-accident inspection;
- (s) 29co-operate with the *employer* in the conducting of investigations in terms of section 11 (5);
- (t) participate in an inquiry held in terms of section 65; and
- (u) perform the functions-
 - (i) agreed by the *health and safety committee*; or
 - (ii) prescribed.

(2) The rights and powers referred to in subsection (1) apply to *health and safety representatives* referred to in section 25 (1) only in respect of the *working places* for which they are responsible.

(3)³⁰ If a *health and safety representative* requests information or reports under subsection (1) (g), the *inspector* must supply the representative with the information or reports in their possession.

(4) A *employer* may not unreasonably withhold the approval required in terms of subsection (1) (h).

(5) A *health and safety representative* intending to exercise the right to inspect *working places* under subsection (1) (m) must-

- (a) give the *employer* reasonable notice of the inspection; and
- (b) permit the *employer* to participate in the inspection.

(6) *Health and safety representatives* are entitled to perform their functions and to receive training during ordinary working hours.

(7) Any time reasonably spent by a *health and safety representative* for a purpose referred to in subsection (6) must be considered for all purposes to be time spent carrying out the employment duties of that representative.

26 Section 23 empowers an employee to leave any dangerous working place and requires every employer to follow certain procedures in this regard.

27 Section 60 requires an inspector to investigate serious health and safety contraventions.

28 Inspections are carried out by inspectors acting under section 50 (2) (e).

29 Section 11 (5) requires every employer working in co-operation with a *health and safety representative* to investigate health threatening situations. Section

11 (6) provides that this investigation may be conducted jointly with an inspector.

30 Section 25 (1) stipulates that every mine with 20 or more employees must have a health and safety representative for each shift at each designated working place.

31 Duty to compensate and assist representatives

(1) The employer must pay every full-time *health and safety representative* appropriate remuneration at least equal to the remuneration the representative earned immediately before being appointed as a full-time *health and safety representative*.

(2) The employer must provide reasonable time and facilities for employees to meet monthly with their *health and safety representatives* in order to consider-

- (a) *health and safety* in their *working places*; and
- (b) reports by the representatives on the performance of their functions.

(3) The employer must provide *health and safety representatives* with-

- (a) the facilities and assistance reasonably necessary to perform their functions;
- (b) training that is reasonably required to enable them to perform their functions; and
- (c) time off from work, without loss of remuneration, to attend any training course that is agreed or prescribed.

(4) Unless otherwise agreed, the assistance referred to in subsection (3) (a) does not include any costs associated with advisers or independent experts contemplated in either section 30 (1) (h) or section 36 (1) (g).

(5) On the completion of a term of office as a full-time *health and safety representative*, the *health and safety representative* is entitled to-

- (a) employment in the same position held immediately before being appointed as a full-time *health and safety representative*; or
- (b) employment in a position that is at least as favourable as the position held immediately before being appointed a full-time *health and safety representative*.

32 Duty to inform representatives

Every employer must notify the *health and safety representatives* concerned and, if there is a *health and safety committee*, the employee co-chairperson of that committee-

- (a) in good time, of inspections, investigations or inquiries of which an *inspector* has notified the employer; and
- (b) as soon as practicable, of any accident, *serious illness* or *health-threatening occurrence*, or other dangerous event.

33 Negotiation and consultation on establishment of committees

(1)³¹ The employer of any mine in respect of which a *health and safety committee* must be established in terms of section 25 (2), must meet, within the prescribed period, with the *representative trade union* at the mine to enter into negotiations to conclude a collective agreement concerning-

- (a) the number of *health and safety committees* to be established at the mine and the *working places* for which they will be responsible;
- (b) the number of employer and employee representatives on the committees;
- (c) the election and appointment of members of *health and safety committees*;
- (d) the terms of office of members of the *health and safety committee* and the circumstances and the manner in which the members may be removed from office;
- (e) the manner in which vacancies are to be filled;
- (f) the circumstances and the manner in which meetings may be held;
- (g) the facilities and assistance which must be provided to *health and safety committees* in terms of section 37 (a); and
- (h) a procedure that provides for the conciliation and arbitration of disputes arising from the application or interpretation of the collective agreement or any provision of this Chapter.

[Para. (h) substituted by s. 15 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) Before concluding a collective agreement referred to in subsection (1) with the *representative trade union*, the employer must consult on the matters referred to in that subsection with all other *registered trade unions* with members at that mine.

(3) A collective agreement referred to in subsection (1) may include two or more employers as parties to the agreement.

(4) To the extent that an agreement concluded in terms of subsection (1) deals with any matter regulated by this Chapter or by any regulation regarding any matter regulated by this Chapter, the provisions of this Chapter or such regulation do not apply.

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 15 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(5)³² The provisions applicable to collective agreements in terms of the *Labour Relations Act*, read with the changes required by the context, apply to agreements concluded in terms of subsection (1).

(6) If there is no *representative trade union* at the mine, the employer must consult, within the prescribed period, with the *registered trade unions* with members at the mine on the matters referred to in subsection (1).

(7) If there is no *registered trade union* with members at the mine, the employer must, within the prescribed period, consult with the employees or any elected representatives of the employees on the matters referred to in subsection (1).

(8) The negotiations and consultations referred to in this section may be held at the same time as those referred to in section 26.

31 Section 25 (2) provides that every mine with 100 or more employees must have one or more health and safety committees.

32 See Part B of Chapter 3 of the Labour Relations Act.

34 Establishment of health and safety committees

(1) If a collective agreement is concluded in terms of section 33 (1), *health and safety committees* must be established in terms of that agreement.

(2) If no collective agreement is concluded in terms of section 33 (1), the employer must establish *health and safety committees* after the consultation referred to in section 33 (6) or (7) and in accordance with this section and the regulations.

(3) A *health and safety committee* must consist of-

- (a) at least four employee representatives; and
- (b) a number of employer representatives equal to or less than the number of employee representatives.

(4) The *health and safety representatives* must appoint the employee representatives on the *health and safety committee*. The employee

representatives must be-

- (a) broadly representative of the *working places* at the *mine*; and
- (b) *employees* at that *mine*.

(5) No more than two of the *employee* representatives may be appointed from full-time *employees* who are not *health and safety representatives*, unless all of the *health and safety representatives* have been appointed to the *committee* and there are still *employee committee* positions to be filled.

(6) The *employer* must appoint the *employer* representatives on the *health and safety committee*. The persons appointed must include persons who have authority to develop and implement *health and safety* policies at the *mine*.

35 Committee procedures

(1) The *employee* and *employer* representatives on a *health and safety committee* must each elect a chairperson from their number. Unless otherwise agreed by the *committee*, the two chairpersons must alternate as the presiding chairperson of the *committee*.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed by a *health and safety committee*, the *committee* must meet at least once a month.

(3) A *health and safety committee* may determine its own rules and procedures.

(4) Persons other than *employee* or *employer* representatives may be invited to attend meetings of the *health and safety committee* and to participate in its proceedings.

36 Rights and powers of health and safety committee

(1) A *health and safety committee* may-

- (a) represent *employees* on all aspects of *health and safety*;
- (b) ³³participate in consultations on any *health and safety* matter listed in the Schedule referred to in section 97 (2);
- (c) ³⁴request the *Chief Inspector of Mines* to review any code of practice;
- (d) request relevant information from any person who is required, in terms of *this Act*, to provide that information to the *committee*;
- (e) agree on additional qualifications or functions of *health and safety representatives*;
- (f) request-
 - (i) ³⁵an *inspector* to conduct an investigation in terms of section 60; or
 - (ii) ³⁶the *Chief Inspector of Mines* to conduct an inquiry in terms of section 65;
- (g) with the approval of the *employer*, be assisted by or consult an adviser or a technical expert who may be either another *employee* or any other person;
- (h) take reasonable time to prepare for each meeting of the *committee*; and
- (i) take reasonable time to report on meetings of the *committee* to the *health and safety representatives* at the *mine*.

(2) No *employer* may unreasonably withhold the approval required in terms of subsection (1) (g).

(3) Members of *health and safety committees* are entitled to perform their functions and to receive training during ordinary working hours.

(4) Any time reasonably spent by a member of a *health and safety committee* for a purpose referred to in subsection (3) must be considered for all purposes to be time spent carrying out the employment duties of that member.

³³ Section 97 (2) empowers the Minister after consulting the Council to publish a notice in the *Gazette* that adds a further Schedule containing matters in respect of which health and safety committees may consult.

³⁴ The rules governing codes of practice are set out in s. 9.

³⁵ Section 60 requires an inspector to investigate serious health and safety contraventions.

³⁶ Section 65 requires the Chief Inspector of Mines to direct an inspector to conduct an inquiry into the death of any person and into any health and safety contraventions.

37 Duty to support committee

The *employer* must-

- (a) provide the *health and safety committee* with the facilities and assistance reasonably necessary to perform its functions;
- (b) ³⁷supply the *health and safety committee* with the annual report referred to in section 2 (1) (c) and any information necessary to perform its functions.

³⁷ Section 2 (1) (c) requires the employer to compile an annual report on health and safety at the mine.

38 Disclosure of information³⁸

(1) Whenever an *employer*, *inspector* or a person who conducts an inquiry in terms of section 65, is required by the provisions of this Chapter to supply information or reports to a *health and safety representative* or to the *health and safety committee*, that *employer*, *inspector* or person-

- (a) must not disclose any information that is private personal information relating to an *employee*, unless the *employee* consents in writing to the disclosure of that information; and
- (b) is not required to supply any information-
 - (i) that is legally privileged;
 - (ii) that the *employer*, *inspector* or person could not disclose without contravening a prohibition imposed upon the *employer* by any law or court order; or
 - (iii) that is confidential and, if disclosed, may cause substantial harm to an *employee* or the *employer*.

(2) No *employee* may unreasonably withhold the consent required in terms of subsection (1) (a).

³⁸ Section 65 requires the Chief Inspector of Mines to direct an inspector to conduct an inquiry into the death of any person and into any health and safety contraventions.

Improper disclosure of confidential information is an offence. See s. 87.

39 Disputes concerning disclosure of information

(1) If there is a dispute about what information is required to be disclosed in terms of the provisions of this Chapter, any party to the dispute may refer the dispute in writing to the *Commission*.

(2) The party who refers a dispute to the *Commission* must satisfy it that a copy of the referral has been served on all the other parties to the dispute.

(3) The *Commission* must attempt to resolve the dispute through conciliation.

(4) If the dispute remains unresolved, any party to the dispute may request that the dispute be resolved through arbitration.

(5) A commissioner appointed to arbitrate a dispute must first decide whether or not the information is required to be supplied in terms of the provisions of this Chapter.

(6) If the commissioner decides that the information is required and if it is information contemplated in section 38 (1) (a) or (b) (iii), the commissioner must balance the harm that disclosure is likely to cause to an *employee* or *employer* or any other person who employs *employees*, against the harm that the failure to disclose the information is likely to cause to the ability of *health and safety representatives* or members of the *health and safety committee* to perform their functions effectively.

[Sub-s. (6) substituted by s. 16 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(7) If the commissioner decides that the balance of harm favours the disclosure of the information, the commissioner may order the disclosure of the information on terms designed to limit the harm likely to be caused to the *employee* or the *employer*.

(8) When making an order under subsection (7), the commissioner must take into account any previous breach of confidentiality in respect of information disclosed in terms of the provisions of this Chapter, and may refuse to order the disclosure of the information or any other confidential information which might otherwise be disclosed for a period specified in the arbitration award.

(9) In any dispute about an alleged breach of confidentiality, the commissioner may order that the right to disclosure of information in terms of the provisions of this Chapter be withdrawn for a period specified in the arbitration award.

40 Disputes concerning this Chapter

(1)³⁹ Any party to a dispute about the interpretation or application of any provision of this Chapter, other than a dispute contemplated in section 26 (8) or 39, may refer the dispute in writing to the *Commission*.

(2) The party who refers a dispute to the *Commission* must satisfy it that a copy of the referral has been served on all the other parties to the dispute.

(3) The *Commission* must attempt to resolve the dispute through conciliation.

(4) If the dispute remains unresolved, any party to the dispute may request that the dispute be resolved through arbitration as soon as possible.

(5)⁴⁰ The provisions relating to arbitration in the *Labour Relations Act*, read with changes required by the context, apply to an arbitration referred to in sections 26 (11) and 39 and subsection (4).

³⁹ Section 26 (8) provides that a dispute exists if no collective agreement is concluded or reached on the number of full-time health and safety representatives.

⁴⁰ See sections 133-146 of the *Labour Relations Act*.

CHAPTER 4 TRIPARTITE INSTITUTIONS (ss 41-46)

41 Establishment of tripartite institutions

(1) A Mine Health and Safety Council is hereby established to advise the *Minister* on *health and safety at mines*.

(2) A *committee*, *ad hoc committee* or *subcommittee* may when necessary be established, which *committee* may include-

- (a) the Mining Regulation Advisory Committee;
- (b) the Mining Occupational Health Advisory Committee; and
- (c) the Safety in Mines Research Advisory Committee.

[Sub-s. (2) amended by s. 9 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(3) A Mining Qualifications Authority is hereby established to advise the *Minister* on-

- (a) qualifications and learning achievements in the mining industry to improve *health and safety standards* through proper training and education;

[Para. (a) substituted by s. 17 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- (b) standards and competency setting, assessment, examinations, quality assurance and accreditation in the mining industry; and
- (c) ⁴¹proposals for the registration of education and training standards and qualifications in the mining industry on the National Qualifications Framework referred to in the South African Qualifications Authority Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995).

[Para. (c) substituted by s. 17 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

⁴¹ The South African Qualifications Authority Act provides for a National Qualifications Framework which aims to enhance the quality of education and training.

42 Mine Health and Safety Council

(1) The *Council* consists of-

- (a) five members representing *employers* in the mining industry;
- (b) five members representing *employees* in the mining industry;
- (c) four members representing departments of the State; and
- (d) the *Chief Inspector of Mines*, who must chair the *Council*.

(2) The *Minister* must appoint the members of the *Council* in accordance with the regulations.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 10 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2A) The *Council* may appoint members to *committees*, *ad hoc*, *subcommittees* and *other committees*, for any period of time and on any conditions.

[Sub-s. (2A) inserted by s. 18 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and substituted by s. 10 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2B) The structure and functions of any *committee* contemplated in subsection (2A) must be provided for in the constitution contemplated in section 97 (3).

[Sub-s. (2B) inserted by s. 10 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(3)⁴² The *Council* and its *committees* must govern themselves in accordance with the constitution contemplated in section 97 (3).

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 18 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(4) The *Council* may delegate any of its powers and assign any of its duties by or under *this Act* in accordance with the constitution contemplated in section 97 (3).

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 18 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(5) A delegation or an assignment under subsection (4)-

- (a) must be in writing;
- (b) may be subject to such conditions and restrictions as the *Council* may determine; and
- (c) does not prevent the exercise of that power or the performance of that duty by the *Council*.

(6) Members of the *Council*, or of a *committee* of the *Council*, are each entitled to have their views reflected in any report of the *Council* or *committee*, as the case may be.

(7) Each year, the *Minister*, with the agreement of the Minister of Finance, must provide sufficient funds for the administration of the *Council*, and *committees* of the *Council*, from public funds.

⁴² Section 97 (3) empowers the Minister, after consulting the Council and by notice in the *Gazette*, to add a Schedule containing the constitution of the Council and its *committees*.

43 Council's duties

The *Council* must-

- (a) advise the *Minister* on *health and safety at mines* including, but not limited to, any legislation on *mine rehabilitation* in so far as it concerns *health and safety*;
[Para. (a) substituted by s. 19 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (b) co-ordinate the activities of its *committees*, receive reports from the *committees* and liaise with the Mining Qualifications Authority on matters relating to *health and safety*;
- (c) liaise with any other statutory bodies concerned with matters relating to *health and safety*;
- (d) promote a culture of *health and safety* in the mining industry;
- (e) at least once every two years arrange and co-ordinate a tripartite summit to review the state of *health and safety at mines*;
[Para. (e) substituted by s. 19 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (eA) annually advise the *Minister* on relevant research relating to *health and safety at mines*; and
[Para. (eA) inserted by s. 19 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and substituted by s. 11 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (f) perform every duty imposed upon the *Council* in terms of *this Act*.

44

[S. 44 amended by ss. 20 and 47 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and repealed by s. 12 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

45 Mining Qualifications Authority

(1) The Mining Qualifications Authority consists of-

- (a) five members representing *employers* in the mining industry;
- (b) five members representing *employees* in the mining industry;
- (c) four members representing departments of State; and
- (d) the *Chief Inspector of Mines*, who must chair the Mining Qualifications Authority.
[Para. (d) substituted by s. 21 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) The members of the Mining Qualifications Authority must be appointed in accordance with the constitution contemplated in section 97 (4).

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 27 of Act 31 of 2003 (wef 14 November 2003).]

(3)⁴³ The Mining Qualifications Authority and its *committees* must govern themselves in accordance with the constitution contemplated in section 97 (4).

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 21 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

⁴³ Section 97 (4) empowers the Minister, after consulting the Council and by notice in the *Gazette*, to add a Schedule containing the constitution of the Mining Qualifications Authority.

46 Mining Qualifications Authority's functions

(1) The Mining Qualifications Authority must-

- (a) ⁴⁴seek registration in terms of the South African Qualifications Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995), as a body responsible for generating education and training standards and qualifications as contemplated in section 5 (1) (a) (ii) (aa) of that Act;
[Para. (a) substituted by s. 22 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (b) ⁴⁵seek accreditation in terms of the South African Qualifications Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995), as a body responsible for monitoring and auditing achievements as contemplated in section 5 (1) (a) (ii) (bb) of that Act;
- (c) propose education and training standards and qualifications to bodies registered with that Authority and responsible for developing education and training standards;
[Para. (c) substituted by s. 22 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (d) generate education and training standards and qualifications in the mining industry;
[Para. (d) substituted by s. 22 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (e) monitor and audit achievement in terms of those standards and qualifications; and
- (f) perform the functions of a sector education and training authority in terms of the Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act 97 of 1998).
[Para. (f) added by s. 28 (a) of Act 31 of 2003 (wef 14 November 2003).]

(2) The Mining Qualifications Authority-

- (a) may appoint *committees* and *ad hoc committees*, and subcommittees, for any period and on any conditions;
- (b) must administer and control its financial affairs in accordance with the Skills Development Act, 1998 (Act 97 of 1998); and
- (c) may do anything necessary to achieve its objectives.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 28 (b) of Act 31 of 2003 (wef 14 November 2003).]

(3) The Mining Qualifications Authority may delegate any of its powers or assign any of its duties by or under *this Act* in accordance with the constitution contemplated in section 97 (4).

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 22 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(4) A delegation or an assignment under subsection (3)-

- (a) must be in writing;
- (b) may be subject to such conditions and restrictions as the Authority may determine; and
- (c) does not prevent the exercise of that power or the performance of that duty by the Authority.

(5) In performing its functions, the Mining Qualifications Authority must comply with the policies and criteria formulated by the South African Qualifications Authority in terms of section 5 (1) (a) (ii) of the South African Qualifications Authority Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995).

44 Section 5 (1) (a) (ii) (aa) of the South African Qualifications Authority Act provides for the registration of bodies responsible for establishing educational training standards.

45 Section 5 (1) (a) (ii) (bb) provides for the accreditation of bodies responsible for monitoring achievements in terms of standards or qualifications.

CHAPTER 5 INSPECTORATE OF MINE HEALTH AND SAFETY (ss 47-74)

47 Inspectorate established

(1) (a) A juristic person to be known as the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate is hereby established.

(b) The Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act 1 of 1999), applies to the Inspectorate.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 13 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2) The Minister, by notice in the Gazette, may establish regions of the country for the purpose of administering *this Act* through regional offices of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate.

48 Chief Inspector of Mines

(1) The Minister must appoint an officer, with suitable mining qualifications and appropriate experience in *health and safety at mines*, to be Chief Inspector of Mines.

(2) Subject to the control and direction of the Minister, the Chief Inspector of Mines must perform the functions entrusted to the Chief Inspector of Mines by *this Act*.

(3) The Chief Inspector of Mines may perform any of the functions of an inspector.

49 Chief Inspector of Mines' functions

(1) Without limiting any statutory duty of any other person in terms of *this Act*, the Chief Inspector of Mines must-

- (a) ensure that the provisions of *this Act* are complied with and enforced and that every duty imposed upon the Chief Inspector of Mines, the Medical Inspector or inspectors in terms of any other law is performed;
- (b) appoint an officer with the prescribed qualifications and experience as the Medical Inspector;
- (c) appoint officers with the prescribed qualifications and experience as inspectors;
- (d) administer the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate;
- (e) determine and implement policies to promote the *health and safety* of persons at *mines* and any person affected by mining activities;
- (f) 46 consult with the Council before issuing guidelines on the form, content and distribution of codes of practice referred to in section 9;
- (g) collect, process and distribute information relating to *health and safety*;
- (h) advise the Minister on *health or safety* matters at *mines*;
- (i) each year, after consulting the Council and with the approval of the Minister, publish and distribute a plan of action for the activities of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate;
- (j) complete a report on *health and safety at mines* and the activities of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate for each year and submit the report to the Minister within three months of the end of the year concerned;
[Para. (j) substituted by s. 14 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (k) perform any duties relating to *health or safety at mines* that the Minister directs or prescribes;
[Para. (k) substituted by s. 14 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (l) develop and maintain an integrated *mine health and safety* database and reporting system;
[Para. (l) added by s. 14 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (m) conduct or commission relevant research and evaluate and publish the results of the research; and
[Para. (m) added by s. 14 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (n) provide logistical, administrative and technical support to the Council.
[Para. (n) added by s. 14 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2) The Chief Inspector of Mines must furnish a prescribed certificate to the Medical Inspector and to each inspector.

(3) Despite the provisions of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act or any other law, the Chief Inspector of Mines-

- (a) has the power to monitor and control those environmental aspects at *mines* that affect, or may affect, the *health or safety* of employees or other persons; and
- (b) 47must consult with the appropriate officer appointed in terms of the Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act concerning the exercise of those powers.
[Para. (b) substituted by s. 14 (e) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
[Sub-s. (3) amended by s. 14 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(4) To further the objectives of this Act the Chief Inspector of Mines may-

- (a) enter into agreements with other persons;
- (b) authorise a competent independent person to perform any or all the functions of an inspector;
- (c) perform any act, whether in the Republic or elsewhere, that is calculated, directly or indirectly, to enhance the value of the services which the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate renders, or perform any prescribed act;
- (d) require all *mines* or groups of *mines* to prepare and implement a *health and safety* management system for *mines*;
- (e) require all *mines* or groups of *mines* to prepare and implement a *hazard* management system for significant *hazards* mentioned under section 11;
- (f) in consultation with the Minister and the Minister of Finance acquire or dispose of immovable property;
- (g) hire, purchase or otherwise acquire any movable property and proprietary right, and lease or dispose of property;
- (h) collaborate with any other body or institution or establish and control facilities for the collection and dissemination of scientific and technical information relating to *health and safety at mines*;
- (i) collaborate with any educational, governmental or scientific body or institution in connection with the provision of instruction for, or the training of, persons required by the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate;
- (j) provide financial or other assistance in connection with the training of persons in so far as is necessary to ensure that a sufficient number of trained persons are available to enable the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate to perform its functions efficiently;
- (k) insure the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate against any loss, damage, risk or liability;

(l) invest any of the money of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate; and

(m) institute or defend any legal action.

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 14 (f) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(5) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must furnish a *prescribed* certificate to each person authorised under subsection (4) (b).

(6) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must issue guidelines by notice in the *Gazette*.

[Sub-s. (6) added by s. 14 (g) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

46 Section 9 requires any employer to prepare a code of practice.

47 Section 4 of the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act* deals with the appointment and functions of Directors: Mineral Development under the Department of Mineral and Energy Affairs.

49A Financial and judicial management of Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate

(1) The funds of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate consist of-

- (a) money appropriated by Parliament;
- (b) any donations made to the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate;
- (c) revenue made on investments; and
- (d) money raised and received in terms of *this Act*.

(2) The Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate must utilise its funds to defray expenses incurred by it in the performance of its functions.

(3) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must, after consultation with the *Council*, use the monies collected in terms of section 55B for the promotion of *health* and *safety* in the mining industry.

(4) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* as the accounting authority of the Inspectorate must-

- (a) open a bank account in the name of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate with an institution registered as a bank in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act 94 of 1990); and
- (b) deposit therein all money received in terms of subsection (1).

(5) The Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate may invest any of its funds not immediately required-

- (a) subject to any investment policy that may be prescribed; and
- (b) in such a manner as may be approved by the *Minister*.

(6) The Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate's financial year is from 1 April in any year to 31 March in the following year.

(7) The report of the *Chief Inspector of Mines* referred to in section 49 (1) (j) must reflect the financial affairs of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate.

(8) Despite any other law, the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate may not be placed under judicial management or in liquidation except if authorised by an Act of Parliament adopted especially for that purpose.

[S. 49A inserted by s. 15 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

49B Co-operative governance

(1) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must co-ordinate the exercise of the functions of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate with other organs of state in respect of regulating and promoting *occupational health* and *safety*, in accordance with the principles of co-operative governance contemplated in Chapter 3 of the Constitution.

(2) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* may conclude co-operative agreements with relevant organs of state to give effect to the co-operation contemplated in subsection (1).

[S. 49B inserted by s. 15 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

50 Inspectors' powers

(1) An *inspector* may for the purposes of monitoring or enforcing compliance with *this Act*-

- (a) enter any *mine* at any time without warrant or notice;
- (b) enter any other place after obtaining the necessary warrant in terms of subsection (7); and
- (c) bring into and use at any *mine*, or at any place referred to in paragraph (b), vehicles, equipment and material as necessary to perform any function in terms of *this Act*.

(2)⁴⁸ While the *inspector* is at any *mine* or place referred to in subsection (1), the *inspector* may, for the purposes of monitoring or enforcing compliance with *this Act*-

- (a) question any person on any matter to which *this Act* relates;
- (b) require any person who has control over, or custody of, any document, including but not limited to, a plan, book or *record* to produce that document to the *inspector* immediately or at any other time and place that the *inspector* requires;
- (c) require from any person referred to in paragraph (b) an explanation of any entry or non-entry in any document over which that person has custody or control;
- (d) examine any document produced in terms of paragraph (b), and make a copy of it or take an extract from it;
- (e) inspect-
 - (i) any article, *substance* or *machinery*;
 - (ii) any work performed; or
 - (iii) any condition;
- (f) inspect arrangements made by the *employer* for *medical surveillance* of *employees*;
- (g) seize any document, article, *substance* or *machinery* or any part or sample of it; and
- (h) perform any other *prescribed* function.

(3)⁴⁹ An *inspector* may instruct any *employer*, *employee* or any other person who performs an activity regulated by *this Act* or any former *employer* or *employee* or person who formerly performed an activity regulated by *this Act*, to appear before the *inspector* to be questioned on any matter to which *this Act* relates.

(4) Before an *inspector* may seize any document under subsection (2) (g), the *employer* of the *mine* may copy it.

(5) An *inspector* may remove any article, *substance* or *machinery* or any part or sample of it from any *mine* or place referred to in subsection (1) for examination or analysis.

(6) When an *inspector* seizes or removes any item under this section, the *inspector* must issue a receipt for that item to the *employer* of the *mine* or place involved.

(7) A magistrate may issue a warrant contemplated in subsection (1) (b) only on written application by an *inspector* setting out under oath or affirmation the need to enter a place other than a *mine* to monitor or enforce compliance with *this Act*.

[NB: A sub-s. (7A) has been inserted by s. 16 of the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 74 of 2008, a provision which will be put into operation by proclamation. See PENDLEX.]

(8) For the purpose of this section, '*mine*' does not include any home, or residential quarters, situated at the *mine*.

48 It is an offence to interfere with or hinder an *inspector*. See s. 88.

49 It is an offence to fail to comply with an *inspector's* instruction. See s. 91.

51 Inspector may be accompanied

When performing any function under *this Act*, an *inspector* may be accompanied by an interpreter or any other person reasonably required to assist the *inspector*.

52 Duty to assist inspector and answer questions

(1)⁵⁰ When an *inspector* enters any *mine* or place referred to in section 50 (1), the *employer* and each *employee* performing any work there must provide any facility that the *inspector* reasonably requires.

(2) Persons questioned by an *inspector* under section 50 (2) (a) or (c) or (3) must answer each question to the best of their ability, but no person is required to answer any question if the answer may be self-incriminating.

50 It is an offence to fail to comply with an *inspector's* instruction. See s. 91.

53 Duty to produce documents required by inspector⁵¹

Any person who holds or should hold a permit, licence, permission, certificate, authorisation or any other document issued in accordance with *this Act* or the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act*, must produce it at the request of the *Chief Inspector of Mines* or any *inspector*.

51 It is an offence to obtain a required certificate of competency by fraudulent means. See s. 89.

54 Inspector's power to deal with dangerous conditions

(1)⁵² If an *inspector* has reason to believe that any occurrence, practice or condition at a *mine* endangers or may endanger the *health* or *safety* of any person at the *mine*, the *inspector* may give any instruction necessary to protect the *health* or *safety* of persons at the *mine*, including but not limited to an instruction that-

- (a) operations at the *mine* or a part of the *mine* be halted;
- (b) the performance of any act or practice at the *mine* or a part of the *mine* be suspended or halted, and may place conditions on the performance of that act or practice;
- (c) the *employer* must take the steps set out in the instruction, within the specified period, to rectify the occurrence, practice or condition; or
- (d) all affected persons, other than those who are required to assist in taking steps referred to in paragraph (c), be moved to *safety*.

[Sub-s. (1) amended by s. 23 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) An instruction under subsection (1) must be given to the *employer* or a person designated by the *employer* or, in their absence, the most senior *employee* available at the *mine* to whom the instruction can be issued.

(3) An *inspector* may issue an instruction under subsection (1) either orally or in writing. If it is issued orally, the *inspector* must confirm it in writing and give it to the person concerned at the earliest opportunity.

(4) If an instruction issued under subsection (1) is not issued to the *employer*, the *inspector* must give a copy of the instruction to the *employer* at the earliest opportunity.

(5) Any instruction issued under subsection (1) (a) must either be confirmed, varied or set aside by the *Chief Inspector of Mines* as soon as practicable.

(6) Any instruction issued under subsection (1) (a) is effective from the time fixed by the *inspector* and remains in force until set aside by the *Chief Inspector of Mines* or until the *inspector's* instructions have been complied with.

(7) to (10) inclusive

[Sub-ss. (7) to (10) inclusive deleted by s. 17 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

52 It is an offence to fail to comply with an *inspector's* instruction. See s. 91.

55 Inspectors' power to order compliance

(1)⁵³ If an *inspector* has reason to believe that an *employer* has failed to comply with any provision of *this Act*, the *inspector* may instruct that *employer* in writing to take any steps that the *inspector*-

- (a) considers necessary to comply with the provision; and
- (b) specifies in the instruction.

[Sub-s. (1) amended by s. 24 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) When issuing an instruction under subsection (1), an *inspector* must specify the period within which the specified steps must be taken. A period specified in an instruction may be extended by an *inspector* at any time by giving notice in writing to the person concerned.

53 It is an offence to fail to comply with an *inspector's* instructions. See s. 91.

55A Inspector's powers to recommend fine

(1) An *inspector* may make a recommendation in writing to the *Principal Inspector of Mines* that a fine be imposed on an *employer* who has failed to comply with any provision contemplated in section 91 (1B).

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 18 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2)

[Sub-s. (2) deleted by s. 18 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(3) The *inspector* concerned must serve a copy of the recommendation on-

- (a) the employer;
- (b) the *health and safety committee*, or if there is no *health and safety committee*, to any *health and safety representative* responsible for the *working place* in question; and
- (c) the *representative trade union*, or if there is no *representative trade union*, to every *registered trade union* with members at the *mine*.

[Sub-s. (3) amended by s. 18 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

- (4) The *employer* may make written representations to the *Principal Inspector of Mines* within 30 days of the recommendation.

[Sub-s. (4) added by s. 18 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

- (5) A representation made in terms of this section may not be used against the *employer* in any criminal or civil proceedings in respect of the same set of facts.

[Sub-s. (5) added by s. 18 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

[S. 55A inserted by s. 25 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

55B Principal Inspector of Mines may impose fines

- (1) The *Principal Inspector of Mines*, after considering the recommendation and any representations made in accordance with section 55A, may-

- (a) disregard the recommendation;
- (b) impose a fine not exceeding the maximum amount mentioned in Table 2 of Schedule 8; or
- (c) refer the matter to the prosecuting authority for a decision as to whether the employer should be charged with an offence.

- (2) The *Principal Inspector of Mines* must notify the *employer*, *committee*, representative and trade union contemplated in section 55A (3), as the case may be, of any decision made in terms of subsection (1).

- (3) An *employer* must pay any fine imposed in terms of this section within 30 days of the imposition of the fine.

- (4) If the employer fails to pay the fine within the specified period, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may apply to the Labour Court for the fine to be made an order of that court.

[S. 55B inserted by s. 25 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and substituted by s. 19 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

55C to 55H inclusive

[Ss. 55C to 55H inclusive inserted by s. 25 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and repealed by s. 20 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

56 Instructions to be posted at mine

The *employer* of a *mine* must-

- (a) promptly supply a copy of any instruction of an *inspector* to-
 - (i) the *health and safety representative* representing the *employees* affected by the instruction; and
 - (ii) the *health and safety committee* responsible for those *employees*; and
- (b) promptly publicise the instruction by-
 - (i) prominently and conspicuously displaying copies of the instruction to the *employees* whose interests may be affected; and
 - (ii) causing its contents to be communicated orally to those *employees*.

57 Right to appeal inspectors' decisions

- (1) Any person adversely affected by a decision of an *inspector*, except a decision contemplated in section 55B, may appeal against that decision to the *Chief Inspector of Mines*.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 27 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and by s. 21 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

- (2) An appeal under subsection (1) must-

- (a) be lodged with the *Chief Inspector of Mines* within 30 days of the decision, or such further period as may be *prescribed*; and
 - [Para. (a) substituted by s. 27 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
- (b) set out the grounds of appeal.

- (3) After considering the grounds of the appeal and the inspector's reasons for the decision, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* must as soon as practicable-

- (a) confirm, set aside or vary the decision; or
- (b) substitute any other decision for the decision of the *inspector*.

57A

[S. 57A inserted by s. 28 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and repealed by s. 22 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

58 Right to appeal Chief Inspector of Mines' decision

- (1) Any person adversely affected by a decision of the *Chief Inspector of Mines*, either in terms of section 57 (3) or in the exercise of any power under *this Act*, may appeal against the decision to the *Labour Court*.

- (2) An appeal under subsection (1), must be lodged with the registrar of the *Labour Court* in accordance with the rules of the *Labour Court*, within 60 days of the date that the *Chief Inspector of Mines*' decision was given.

- (3) The *Labour Court* must consider the appeal and confirm, set aside or vary the decision.

59 Appeal does not suspend decision

- (1) An appeal against a decision under either section 57, 57A or 58 does not suspend the decision.

- (2) Despite subsection (1)-

- (a) an appeal in terms of section 57A or 58 against a decision to impose a fine suspends the obligation to pay the fine, pending the outcome of the appeal; and
- (b) the *Labour Court* may suspend the operation of the decision, pending the determination of the matter, if there are reasonable grounds for doing so.

[S. 59 substituted by s. 29 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

60 Initiating investigations

- (1) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must instruct an *inspector* to investigate any accident or occurrence at a *mine* that results in the death of any person.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 30 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- (2) At any time an *inspector* may investigate-

- (a) any accident or occurrence at a *mine* that results in the *serious injury* or *serious illness* of any person;
 - (b) any occurrence, practice or condition concerning *health* or *safety* of persons at one or more *mines*; or
 - (c) any actual or suspected contravention of, or failure to comply with, any provision of *this Act*.
- [Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 30 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

- (3) If there is cause for concern on *health* or *safety* grounds, an *inspector* must investigate any matter referred to in subsection (2), if-
- (a) instructed to do so by the *Chief Inspector of Mines*; or
 - (b) requested to do so by-
 - (i) a *registered trade union* with members at the *mine* or *mines*;
 - (ii) a *health and safety representative* or *health and safety committee* at the *mine*; or
 - (iii) if there is no *health and safety representative*, an *employee* at the *mine*.

61 Chief Inspector of Mines may designate assistant in investigation

At any time before or during an investigation, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may designate one or more persons to assist the *inspector* holding the investigation.

62 Duty to answer questions during investigation

Persons questioned during an investigation must answer every question to the best of their ability, but no person is required to answer any question if the answer may be self-incriminating.

63 Enhancing effectiveness of investigation

(1) (a) For the purpose of enhancing the effectiveness of an investigation in terms of section 60 the National Prosecuting Authority, after receiving representations from the *Chief Inspector of Mines*, may issue a certificate that no prosecution may be instituted in respect of any contravention of, or failure to comply with, a provision of this Act related to the event being investigated.

(b) If a certificate is issued, no fine in terms of section 55B or disciplinary action related to the event investigated may thereafter be imposed on or taken against any person.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 31 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and by s. 23 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must communicate in writing the protection afforded under subsection (1) to all persons questioned during the investigation.

(3) Persons questioned during the investigation who are afforded protection under this section must answer every question to the best of their ability and may not refuse to answer any question on the grounds that the answer may be self-incriminating.

64 Reports on investigations

(1) After completing an investigation, an *inspector* must prepare a written report of the findings, recommendations and any remedial steps.

(2) The *inspector*-

- (a) must submit a copy of the report referred to in subsection (1) to the *Chief Inspector of Mines*;
- (b) must supply a copy of the report to the *employer* and to the *health and safety representative*, *health and safety committee*, *registered trade union* or *employee* that requested the investigation; and
- (c) may instruct the *employer* of the *mine* concerned to prominently and conspicuously display a copy of the report or portion of it for *employees* to read.

65 Initiating inquiries

(1) Unless the provisions of section 63 have been invoked, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* must direct an *inspector* to conduct an inquiry into any accident or occurrence at a *mine* that results in the death of any person.

(2) Unless the provisions of section 63 have been invoked, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may direct an *inspector* to conduct an inquiry into-

- (a) any accident or occurrence at a *mine* that results in the *serious injury* or *serious illness* of any person;
- (b) any occurrence, practice or condition concerning *health* or *safety* of persons at one or more *mines*; or
- (c) any actual or suspected contravention of, or failure to comply with, any provision of *this Act*.

(3) If there is cause for concern on *health* or *safety* grounds and if the provisions of section 63 have not been invoked, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may direct an *inspector* to conduct an inquiry into any matter referred to in subsection (2) if requested in writing to do so by-

- (a) a *registered trade union* with members at the *mine* or *mines*;
- (b) a *health and safety representative* or *health and safety committee* at the *mine*; or
- (c) if there is no *health and safety representative* at the *mine*, an *employee*.

(4) This section does not limit any other law regulating the holding of an inquest or other inquiry into the death of a person.

66 Investigation may be converted into inquiry

(1) At any time during an investigation, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may convert it into an inquiry.

(2) The provisions of sections 68 to 71 relating to attendance and examination of witnesses at inquiries apply equally to a converted investigation.

(3) Any person instructed or summoned to give evidence at an inquiry that was converted from an investigation is not entitled to refuse to give evidence only on the grounds that a statement had previously been given, or documents previously been adduced, during the investigation.

(4) This section does not preclude or limit holding an inquiry after an investigation has been completed.

67 Chief Inspector of Mines may designate assistant in inquiry

At any time before or during an inquiry the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may designate one or more persons to assist in the inquiry or to preside at the inquiry.

68 Inquiry to be public

(1) An inquiry must be held in public.

(2) Despite subsection (1) the person presiding at an inquiry may of that person's own accord or at the request of a witness exclude members of the public or specific persons or categories of persons from attending the proceedings or part of the proceedings when the proper conduct of the inquiry requires.

(3) The person presiding at an inquiry may make any order necessary to ensure that *employees* at the *mine* and members of the public have access to the premises in which the inquiry is held.

69 Right to participate in inquiry

The persons listed in this section may participate in an inquiry and, either personally or through a representative, may put questions to witnesses and inspect any book, plan, *record* or other document or item presented at the inquiry. The persons entitled to participate are-

- (a) any person who has a material interest in the inquiry;
- (b) a representative of any *registered trade union* with members at the *mine* in respect of which the inquiry is being held; and
- (c) any *health and safety representative* responsible for the *working place* in respect of which the inquiry is being held.

[Para. (c) substituted by s. 32 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

70 Powers of person presiding at inquiry

The person presiding at an inquiry may-

- (a) instruct or summon any person to appear at any specified time and place;
- (b) question any person under oath or affirmation;
- (c) instruct any person-
 - (i) to produce any book, plan, *record* or other document or item necessary for the purposes of the inquiry; or
 - (ii) to perform any other act in relation to *this Act* necessary for the purpose of the inquiry.

71 Duty of persons summoned or instructed⁵⁴

(1) Subject to subsection (2), every person giving evidence at an inquiry must answer any relevant question.

(2) The law regarding a witness's privilege in a court of law applies equally to any person being questioned at an inquiry.

(3) The person presiding at an inquiry may direct that any evidence given by a person during an inquiry may not be used in any criminal or disciplinary proceedings against that person except in criminal proceedings on a charge of perjury against that person.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 33 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and by s. 24 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(4) When a directive has been issued under subsection (3), the person involved is not entitled to refuse to answer any relevant question only on the grounds that the answer could expose that person to a criminal charge, disciplinary proceedings or a recommendation under section 55A.

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 33 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(5) A person instructed in terms of section 70 (c) must comply with that instruction unless the person has sufficient cause for not doing so.

⁵⁴ It is an offence to fail to attend an inquiry if required to do so, or to refuse to answer questions, or to give false evidence. See s. 90.

72 Inquiry records and reports

(1) A person presiding at an inquiry must-

- (a) record the evidence given at the inquiry, including any evidence given with the assistance of an interpreter;
- (b) at the conclusion of the inquiry, prepare a written report of the findings, recommendations and any remedial steps;
- (c) submit a copy of the report and the *record* of the inquiry to the *Chief Inspector of Mines*,
- (d) supply a copy of the report and the *record* of the inquiry to the *employer* and to any *health and safety representative*, *health and safety committee* or *registered trade union* that requested the inquiry; and
- (e) on request, supply a copy of the report and the *record* of the inquiry to any person who has a material interest in the inquiry.

(2) An *inspector* may instruct the *employer* of the *mine* concerned to prominently and conspicuously display a copy of the report or any portion of it for employees to read.

(3) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* may submit a copy of the report to the appropriate Attorney-General.

73 Chief Inspector of Mines may order further inquiry

Upon considering the evidence and the report referred to in section 72, the *Chief Inspector of Mines* may require that the matter be inquired into further.

74 Inquiry and inquest may be conducted jointly

(1)⁵⁵ An inquiry in terms of *this Act* into the death of a person may be held jointly with an inquest in terms of the Inquests Act, 1959 (Act 58 of 1959).

(2) The judicial officer contemplated in the Inquests Act, 1959 (Act 58 of 1959), must preside at a joint inquiry referred to in subsection (1) and the person instructed to hold the inquiry in terms of *this Act* must be deemed to be an assessor appointed in terms of the Inquests Act, 1959.

(3) The provisions of the Inquests Act, 1959 (Act 58 of 1959), apply to a joint inquiry.

(4) The assessor referred to in subsection (2) must-

- (a) prepare a report contemplated in section 72 (1) (b); and
- (b) submit the report and the *record* of the joint inquiry to the *Chief Inspector of Mines*.

⁵⁵ The Inquests Act provides for the holding of inquests in cases of deaths apparently occurring from unnatural causes.

CHAPTER 6 MINISTER'S POWERS (ss 75-81)

75 Minister may prohibit or restrict work

(1) For any reason relating to *health* or *safety*, the *Minister*, by notice in the *Gazette*, may prohibit or restrict any work or any exposure of a person to a *substance* or an environmental condition, if-

- (a) the *Minister* has consulted the *Council* on the prohibition or restriction; and
- (b) unless the *Minister* believes that the public interest requires the notice to be published immediately, the *Minister* has-

- (i) published a draft of the proposed notice at least three months previously; and
- (ii) at that time invited interested persons to submit comments and representations concerning the proposed notice within a specified period.

(2) The *Minister* may attach any conditions to a prohibition or restriction by specifying them in the published notice.

(3) The Minister, after consulting the Council, may amend or withdraw a notice under subsection (1) at any time.

76 Minister may declare health hazards

(1) The Minister, by notice in the Gazette, may declare that an environmental condition or a substance present at a mine is a health hazard to employees who are or may be exposed to that condition or substance, if-

- (a) the Minister has consulted the Council on the issuing of the declaration; and
- (b) unless the Minister believes that the public interest requires the notice to be published immediately, the Minister has-
 - (i) published a draft of the proposed notice at least three months previously; and
 - (ii) at that time invited interested persons to submit comments and representations concerning the proposed notice within a specified period.

(2) In connection with any health hazard, the Minister, after consulting the Council, by notice in the Gazette, may-

- (a) impose conditions on the performance of work by employees exposed to the health hazard;
- (b) stipulate the standards of fitness for an employee to perform work involving exposure to the health hazard;
- (c) require employers to take measures to eliminate, control and minimise health risks associated with the health hazard;
- (d) require employers to conduct specified occupational hygiene measurements;
- (e) require employers to conduct specified medical surveillance in respect of employees exposed to the health hazard; and
- (f) provide for any other matter that the Minister considers necessary to protect employees exposed to the health hazard.

(3) The Minister may enter any mine at any time only for the purposes of health hazards.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 25 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

77 Application of Minister's notice

A notice under either section 75 or 76 may differentiate between mines, types of mines, parts of a mine, occupations and types of work.

78 Exemption from Minister's notice

(1) A notice under either section 75 or 76 may exempt a particular person or group of persons from compliance with that notice if the Minister is satisfied that any of the following conditions exists-

- (a) in the circumstances the exemption is desirable;
- (b) the performance of the work by that person or group of persons is temporary; or
- (c) the risk to which that person or group of persons is exposed is negligible.

(2) The Minister, after consulting the Council, may cancel an exemption granted under subsection (1) at any time.

79 Exemption from all or part of this Act

(1) The employer of a mine may request an exemption from the Minister, and if satisfied that the employer has consulted appropriately with the affected employees or their representatives, the Minister may exempt the employer from any or all the provisions of this Act or from a notice or instruction issued under this Act. An exemption may be-

- (a) general or particular;
- (b) for any period; and
- (c) on any conditions that provide the same overall protection which would result from the full application of this Act.

(2) When an exemption is granted under subsection (1), the Minister must issue a certificate of exemption to the employer, specifying the scope, period and conditions of the exemption.

(3) The Minister may amend or withdraw a certificate of exemption at any time.

(4) The employer must prominently and conspicuously display any exemption granted, or deemed to have been granted, under this section to the employees to read.

80 Minister may apply other laws to mine

(1)⁵⁶ After consulting the Council, the Minister, by notice in the Gazette, may declare that any provision of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act 181 of 1993), or any regulation made under that Act, or the provisions of any other Act or regulations, must apply to a mine.

(2) A declaration in terms of subsection (1) may differentiate between mines, types of mines, parts of a mine, occupations and types of work.

⁵⁶ The Occupational Health and Safety Act provides for the health and safety of persons at work and for the establishment of an advisory council for occupational health and safety.

81 Minister to table annual report

(1) Within 30 days of receiving the annual report of the Chief Inspector of Mines, the Minister must table it in Parliament.

(2) If Parliament is not in session at the end of the period referred to in subsection (1), the Minister must table the report within 14 days of the beginning of the next session of Parliament.

CHAPTER 7 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AND OFFENCES (ss 82-95)

82 Jurisdiction of Labour Court

(1) The Labour Court has exclusive jurisdiction to determine any dispute about the interpretation or application of any provision of this Act except where this Act provides otherwise.

(2) The Labour Court has no jurisdiction in respect of offences in terms of this Act.

83 No discrimination against employees who exercise rights

(1) No person may discriminate against any employee for-

- (a) exercising a right in terms of this Act or in terms of a collective agreement contemplated in this Act;
- (b) doing anything that the employee is entitled to do in terms of this Act or in terms of a collective agreement contemplated in this Act;
- (c) refusing to do anything that the employee is entitled to refuse to do in terms of this Act or in terms of a collective agreement

- contemplated in *this Act*;
- (d) refusing to do anything that the *employee* is prohibited from doing in terms of *this Act* or in terms of a collective agreement contemplated in *this Act*; and
 - (e) standing for election, or performing any function, as a *health and safety representative* or a member of a *health and safety committee*.
- (2) For the purposes of this section-
- (a) '**discriminate**' means to dismiss an *employee* or to engage in any other conduct which has the effect of prejudicing or disadvantaging the *employee*, or which prejudices or disadvantages the *employee* relative to other *employees*; and
 - (b) '**employee**' includes any applicant for employment who has previously been employed at a *mine*.

84 Safety equipment not to be interfered with⁵⁷

Unless specifically authorised by the *employer*, no person-

- (a) other than an *inspector* acting in terms of section 50, may remove personal protective equipment from a *mine*, or cause that equipment to be removed;
- (b) other than an *inspector* acting in terms of section 50, may remove anything that is provided in the interest of *health or safety*, or cause that equipment to be removed; or
- (c) may alter, damage, misuse, render ineffective or interfere with anything that is provided in the interest of *health or safety*, or cause that equipment to be altered, damaged, misused, rendered ineffective or interfered with.

⁵⁷ Section 50 outlines the inspector's powers which includes entering any mining area and questioning persons and examining documents and machinery.

85 Juvenile employment underground prohibited

(1) No person may cause or permit an *employee* under the age of 18 years to work underground at a *mine*.

(2) No *employee* under the age of 18 years may work underground at a *mine*.

(3) Despite subsections (1) and (2), an *employee* under the age of 18 years but over the age of 16 years may work underground as part of vocational education or training.

86 Negligent act or omission

(1) Any person who, by a negligent act or by a negligent omission, causes *serious injury* or *serious illness* to a person at a *mine*, commits an offence.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 35 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) Any person, other than an *employer* or *employee*, who, by a negligent act or by a negligent omission, endangers the *health or safety* of a person at a *mine*, commits an offence.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 35 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

[Date of commencement of sub-s. (2): 15 January 1998.]

(3)

[Sub-s. (3) deleted by s. 35 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

[NB: A s. 86A has been inserted by s. 26 of the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 74 of 2008, a provision which will be put into operation by proclamation. See PENDLEX.]

87 Breach of confidence

(1) Any person who discloses any information that they acquired in the performance of a function in terms of *this Act* and that relates to the financial and business affairs of an *employer* or any other person who employs *employees*, commits an offence.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 36 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply if the information-

- (a) was disclosed to enable a person to perform a function in terms of *this Act*;
- (b) must be disclosed in terms of *this Act*, any other law or an order of court; or
- (c) was disclosed to a *health and safety representative* or *health and safety committee* in terms of Chapter 3.

88 Hindering administration of this Act

Any person who hinders, opposes, obstructs or unduly influences any person who is performing a function in terms of *this Act* commits an offence.

89 Falsifying documents

Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain a *prescribed certificate of competency* by means of fraud, dishonesty, false pretences or the presentation or submission of a false or forged document commits an offence.

90 Failure to attend when summoned

A person commits an offence who, having been instructed or summoned to attend an inquiry-

- (a) without sufficient cause fails-
 - (i) to appear at the time and place specified; or
 - (ii) to remain in attendance until excused by the person presiding at the inquiry;
- (b) attends as required, but without sufficient cause-
 - (i) ⁵⁸fails to comply with an instruction in terms of section 70 (c) (i); or
 - (ii) refuses to be sworn or to make an affirmation; or
- (c) attends as required and having been sworn or having made an affirmation-
 - (i) without sufficient cause fails to answer any question fully and to the best of that person's ability; or
 - (ii) gives evidence, knowing or believing it to be false.

⁵⁸ Section 70 (c) (i) empowers a person presiding at an inquiry to instruct anyone to produce a document for the purposes of the inquiry.

91 Failure to comply with this Act

(1) Any person, including an *employer*, who contravenes, or fails to comply with, any-

- (a) provision of *this Act*;
- (b) regulation; or
- (c) condition, suspension, notice, order, instruction, prohibition, authorisation, permission, consent, exemption, certificate or document determined, given, issued, prescribed or granted by or under *this Act* by the Minister, Chief Inspector of Mines, inspector, any person authorised under section 49 (4) or any person to whom any power has been delegated or the performance of any duty has been assigned under section 96,

commits an offence and is liable to a fine or imprisonment as may be prescribed.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 37 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and by s. 27 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(1A)

[Sub-s. (1A) inserted by s. 37 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and deleted by s. 27 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(1B) Any employer is liable to a fine in terms of section 55B if the employer contravenes, or fails to comply with, any-

- (a) provision of *this Act*;

[Para. (a) substituted by s. 27 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

- (b) regulation; or

- (c) condition, suspension, notice, order, instruction, prohibition, authorisation, permission, consent, exemption, certificate or document determined, given, issued, promulgated or granted by or under *this Act* by the Minister, Chief Inspector of Mines, inspector, any person authorised under section 49 (4) or any person to whom any power has been delegated or the performance of any duty has been assigned under section 96.

[Sub-s. (1B) inserted by s. 37 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and amended by s. 27 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(1C) Despite subsection (1B), any employer who, contravenes or fails to comply with any standard in a code of practice prepared in terms of section 9 (2) is not liable to a fine in terms of section 55B if-

- (a) the standard exceeds any compulsory standard in any relevant guideline issued by the Chief Inspector of Mines; and

- (b) the conduct constituting the contravention or failure complies with the compulsory standard in any relevant guideline issued by the Chief Inspector of Mines.

[Sub-s. (1C) inserted by s. 37 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and amended by s. 27 (e) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(2)

[Sub-s. (2) deleted by s. 27 (f) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(3) A person appointed under section 4 (1) to perform any function entrusted to an employer by *this Act* commits an offence if that person fails to exercise reasonable care in performing that function.

(4) Any chief executive officer or member of the board contemplated in section 2A who performs a function in terms of section 2A (1) or (3) commits an offence if that person fails to take reasonable steps in performing that function.

[Sub-s. (4) added by s. 37 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

92 Penalties

(1) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of section 87, may be sentenced to a fine or to imprisonment to be determined by the court.

(2) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of section 90 (a) or (b) (i), may be sentenced to the penalty applicable to a similar offence in a magistrate's court.

(3) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of section 90 (c) (ii), may be sentenced to any penalty that may be imposed in law for perjury.

(4) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of *this Act* for which no penalty is otherwise expressly determined, may be sentenced to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

(5) Any person convicted of an offence in terms of any section mentioned in Column 1 of Table 1 of Schedule 8 may be sentenced to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding the period mentioned in Column 2 of that Table opposite the number of that section.

[Sub-s. (5) amended by s. 38 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and substituted by s. 28 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(6) Any owner convicted of an offence in terms of section 86 or 86A may be sentenced to-

- (a) withdrawal or suspension of the permit; or

- (b) a fine of three million rands or a period of imprisonment not exceeding five years or to both such fine or imprisonment.

[Sub-s. (6) added by s. 28 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

(7) In the event of a conviction, the court may, in addition to imposing a sentence in respect of the offence and making an order, order the person convicted to-

- (a) repair any damage caused, to the satisfaction of the Chief Inspector of Mines, and

- (b) comply with a provision of *this Act* within a specified period of time.

[Sub-s. (7) added by s. 28 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

93 Magistrate's court has jurisdiction to impose penalties

Despite anything to the contrary contained in any other law, a magistrate's court has jurisdiction to impose any penalty provided for in *this Act*.

94 Serving of documents

Unless otherwise provided in *this Act*, a notice, order or other document which, in terms of *this Act*, must be served on or delivered to a person, will have been properly served or delivered if it has been either-

- (a) served on or delivered to that person; or

- (b) sent by registered post to that person's last known address; or

- (c) published in the Gazette.

95 Proof of facts

In any legal proceedings in terms of *this Act*-

- (a) if it is alleged that a person at a mine is or was an employee, that person is presumed to be an employee at that mine, unless the contrary is proved;
- (b) if it is proved that a false statement, entry or information appears in or on a book, plan, record or other document, the person who kept that document is presumed to have made, entered, recorded or stored that statement, entry, record or information, unless the contrary is proved; and
- (c) ⁵⁹subject to the provisions of sections 63 (1), 63 (3) and 71 (2), any statement, entry or information in or on any book, plan, record or other document is admissible in evidence as an admission of the facts in or on it by the person who made, entered, recorded or stored it unless it is proved that that person did not make, enter, record or store it within the scope of their functions.

59 Section 63 (1) provides that every answer given in an investigation is privileged. Section 63 (3) provides that a report that an inspector has directed to be privileged may not be used in any civil, criminal or disciplinary proceedings, inquests or inquiries. Section 71 (2) provides that a witness's privilege in a court of law applies equally to any person being questioned at an inquiry.

CHAPTER 8 GENERAL PROVISIONS (ss 96-106)

96 Delegation and exercise of power

(1) The Minister may delegate any power conferred upon the Minister by or under *this Act*, except the power to make *regulations*, to the Chief Inspector of Mines.

(2) The Chief Inspector of Mines may delegate any power or assign the performance of any duty conferred or imposed upon the Chief Inspector of Mines by or under *this Act*, or any other law, to-

- (a) any *inspector*;
- (b) any other person with appropriate knowledge and experience who is under the control of the Chief Inspector of Mines; or
- (c) any other person, after consulting the Council.

[Sub-s. (2) substituted by s. 39 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(3) A delegation or assignment under subsection (1) or (2) must be in writing, and may be subject to any conditions or restrictions determined by the Minister or Chief Inspector of Mines, as the case may be.

(4) A delegation under subsection (1) or (2) does not prevent the exercise of that power by the Minister or Chief Inspector of Mines, as the case may be.

97 Minister's power to add and change Schedules

(1) The Minister, after consulting the Council, by notice in the Gazette may add to, change or replace any Schedule to *this Act* other than Schedules 2, 3 and 7 and, subject to subsection (5), Schedule 4.

[Sub-s. (1) substituted by s. 29 of Act 31 of 2003 (wef 14 November 2003).]

(2) The Minister, after consulting the Council, by notice in the Gazette may add to *this Act* a further Schedule containing matters in respect of which health and safety committees may consult.

(3) The Minister, after consulting the Council, by notice in the Gazette, may add to *this Act* a further Schedule containing the constitution of the Council and its committees.

[Sub-s. (3) substituted by s. 40 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(4) The Minister, after consulting the Council and the Mining Qualifications Authority, by notice in the Gazette may add to *this Act* a further Schedule containing the constitution of the Mining Qualifications Authority and its committees.

[Sub-s. (4) substituted by s. 40 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(5) The Minister, after consulting the Council, by notice in the Gazette may add to Schedule 4 further items containing transitional provisions necessary for the implementation of *this Act*.

(6) The Minister, after consulting the Council and in consultation with the Minister of Health, by notice in the Gazette may add to *this Act* a further Schedule to suspend or vary the application of the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (Act 78 of 1973), except in relation to the determination or payment of compensation.

(7) The Minister may add to, change or replace any page header or sidenote by notice in the Gazette.

98 Regulations

(1) The Minister, after consulting the Council, by notice in the Gazette may make *regulations* regarding-

- (a) health and safety of persons at mines;
- (b) health and safety standards, codes of practice and the provision of protective clothing, equipment and facilities in connection with health and safety at mines;
- (c) the performance of work by employees exposed to a health hazard and the measures to eliminate, control and minimise health risks;
- (d) health and safety employer systems at mines;
- (e) orderly operations at mines;
- (f) the powers, duties, functions and responsibilities of employees at mines and of the employers;
- (g) the issuing of permits for the use of machinery, equipment and material at mines and the accreditation of persons to test machinery, equipment and material for these purposes;
- (h) the conditions under which machinery, equipment or material may be erected or used at mines;
- (i) the elimination, control and minimisation of health and safety hazards;
- (j) requirements for the safe use, handling, processing, storage, transport and disposal of hazardous substances used in the mining process and waste produced at the mine;
- (k) the transport, handling, storage and use of explosives and the mixing of substances to make explosives at a mine;
- (l) the protection of equipment, structures, water sources and the surface of land;
- (m) the conditions in which equipment, structures, water sources or the surface of land may be used, and the prohibition on, or restriction of, the erection of equipment and structures and the use of water sources or the surface of land in the vicinity of the working places at a mine;
- (n) the making safe of undermined ground and of dangerous excavations, tailings, waste dumps, ash dumps and structures of whatever nature made in the course of prospecting or mining operations or which are connected with those operations;
- (o) ~~60~~the monitoring and control as contemplated in section 49 (3) (a) of those environmental aspects at mines which affect, or may affect, the health and safety of employees or other persons;
- (p) standards of housing and nutrition of employees who are accommodated at the mine;
- (q) initial standards of fitness to perform work involving exposure to a health hazard, standards of fitness to continue performing such work and the conditions under which employees may be withdrawn either temporarily or permanently from such work;
- (r) standards of occupational hygiene measurement techniques, the frequency and manner in which measurements must be made, the manner of record keeping and reporting of occupational hygiene measurements made at mines;
- (s) standards of medical tests or biological monitoring used in medical surveillance, the persons who may carry out those tests and that monitoring, the interpretation of results of medical surveillance, the frequency for carrying out periodic medical surveillance, the keeping of records of medical surveillance and the reporting of confidential extracts from records of medical surveillance;
- (t) the manner of reporting prescribed accidents and health matters at mines, the keeping of records and statistics in relation to accidents and health matters and the provision of emergency medical treatment after an accident or in connection with a health

- matter;
- (u) the manner of reporting *prescribed occupational diseases* at *mines*, the keeping of records in relation to *occupational diseases* and the control and provision of medical services in connection with *occupational diseases*;
 - (v) the form of an exit certificate and the content of medical examinations associated with an exit certificate;
 - (w) the form of any application to be made in terms of *this Act* and of any consent or document required to be submitted with an application, and the information or details which must accompany an application;
 - (x) the form of any register, *record*, notice, sketch plan or information to be kept, given, published or submitted in terms of or for the purposes of *this Act*, and the manner in which a register, *record*, notice, sketch plan or information is to be kept, given, published or submitted;
 - (y) the drawing up and keeping of *mine* plans and the submission of statistical and other reports in relation to *minerals*, *mines* and *machinery*;
 - (z) negotiations and consultations in terms of sections 26 and 33 and the time periods within which the negotiations and consultations must be completed;
 - (zA) qualifications for appointment as a *health and safety representative*, the election and terms of office of representatives, the circumstances in which a representative must vacate office, the circumstances in which a representative may be removed from office, the manner in which vacancies may be filled, the functions of representatives, the manner in which the functions of representatives must be conducted, the facilities and assistance that must be provided to representatives and the training of representatives;
 - (zB) the establishment of *health and safety committees*, the election and appointment of members to a *committee*, the terms of office of members of a *committee*, the circumstances in which a member must vacate office, the circumstances in which a member may be removed from office, the manner in which vacancies may be filled, meetings of the *committees*, the rules and procedures of the *committees*, the facilities and assistance that must be provided to *committees* and the training of the members of *committees*;
 - (zC) the appointment of members to the *Council* in accordance with the provisions of Schedule 2, the functions of the *Council*, the payment of allowances to members, the funding of the *Council* and its *committees*, and any other matter the regulation of which, in the opinion of the *Minister*, may be necessary for the proper functioning of the *Council* and its *committees*.
 - (zD) the appointment of members of the Mining Qualifications Authority in accordance with Schedule 2;
 - (zE) qualifications for *inspectors*;
 - (zF) the establishment of one or more accounts and the control of those accounts by the Chief Inspector of Mines with a view to funding-
 - (i) research and surveys regarding, and for the promotion of *health and safety* at *mines*; and
 - (ii) the administration costs of the overall programme for relevant *health and safety* research.

[Para. (zF) substituted by s. 41 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
 - (zG) ~~61~~the manner in which the presence of witnesses at inquiries must be obtained in terms of section 71, and the procedures to be followed at inquiries;
 - (zH) procedures to be followed in respect of appeals to the *Chief Inspector of Mines* or *Medical Inspector* under *this Act*;
 - (zI) fees payable in relation to applications, appeals and documents;
 - (zJ) the payment of levies by mines on the basis of *health and safety risk* for-
 - (i) research and surveys regarding, and for the promotion of *health and safety* at *mines*; and
 - (ii) the administration costs of the overall programme for relevant *health and safety* research.

[Para. (zJ) substituted by s. 41 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]
 - (zK) the imposition of monetary and other obligations in connection with safe-making referred to in paragraph (n) on persons who-
 - (i) are or were responsible for the undermining of any ground or the making of any excavations, tailings, waste dumps, ash dumps or structures or for the dangerous condition of any of them; or
 - (ii) will benefit from that safe-making;
 - (zL) the assumption by the State of responsibility for safe-making referred to in paragraph (n) in particular cases;
 - (zM) the use of plain language in documents that are required to be published, displayed or distributed in terms of this Act; and
 - (zN) any other matter the regulation of which may be necessary or desirable in order to achieve the objects of this Act;
- [Para. (zN) substituted by s. 29 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (zO) the system of fines contemplated in sections 55A and 55B including regulations regarding forms and documents, periods of time, procedures, records to be kept and the payment of fines; and
- [Para. (zO) added by s. 41 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and substituted by s. 29 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
- (zP) minimum standards for the establishment, functioning, training, equipping and staffing of rescue services at *mines* and reporting by employers in respect of rescue services.
- [Para. (zP) added by s. 29 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

- (2) No regulation may be made relating to-
 - (a) State revenue or expenditure except with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance;
 - (b) any *health* matter, except after consultation with the Minister for Health.
- (3) The *Minister*, after consultation with the Mining Qualifications Authority, by notice in the *Gazette*, may make *regulations* to provide for-
 - (a) the qualifications for employment in any occupation;
 - (b) conditions for acceptance as a candidate for examinations;
 - (c) the issuing of certificates of competency in respect of any occupation;
 - (d) the funding of the Mining Qualifications Authority including the manner by which such funds may be raised;
 - (e) procedures for assessing competency;
 - (f) the accreditation of assessors;
 - (g) the establishment of examination bodies;
 - (h) the appointment of examiners and moderators;
 - (i) the monitoring and administration of examinations;
 - (j) the setting of examination fees;
 - (k) the accreditation of providers of training;
 - (l) the establishment of quality assurance procedures;
 - (m) the issue of qualifications;
 - (n) the registering of qualifications; and
 - (o) any other matter, the regulation of which may be necessary or desirable in order to promote the activities of the Mining Qualifications Authority.

(4) *Regulations* made in terms of subsection (3) must be in accordance with the National Qualifications Framework approved in terms of the South African Qualifications Authority Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995).

(5) The *Minister* may incorporate all or part of any *health and safety standard*, without restating the text of it, in a *regulation* by referring to the number, title and year of issue of that *health and safety standard* or, to any other particulars by which that *health and safety standard* is sufficiently identified.

(6) The *Minister* must consult the *Council* before incorporating a *health and safety standard* in a *regulation*.

(7) The *Minister*, after consulting the *Council*, by notice in the *Gazette* may make *regulations* imposing any function of an *employer* on any person, other than the *employer*, who employs employees.

[Sub-s. (7) substituted by s. 41 (d) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(8) For the purposes of *this Act*, any *health and safety standard* referred to in subsection (5) incorporated in a *regulation* is deemed to be a *regulation*, in so far as it is not repugnant to any *regulation* made under subsection (1).

(9) Whenever a *health and safety standard* which has been incorporated in a *regulation* is subsequently amended or substituted by the competent authority, the *regulation* referred to in subsection (5) incorporating that *health and safety standard* is deemed to refer to that *health and safety standard* as so amended or substituted, unless a contrary intention is stated in the notice.

(10) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must keep a register of particulars of-

- (a) every amendment or substitution of a *health and safety standard* incorporated in the *regulations*;
- (b) the publication of any amendment or substitutions;
- (c) every publication in which a *health and safety standard* that has been incorporated in the *regulations* under subsection (5) was published; and
- (d) the place in the Republic where each of those *standards* and publications is obtainable or otherwise available for inspection.

(11) The *Chief Inspector of Mines* must allow any person to inspect the register kept in terms of subsection (9) and to make an extract from it.

(12) The provisions of section 31 of the Standards Act, 1993 (Act 29 of 1993), do not apply to any incorporation of a *health and safety standard* or to any amendment or substitution of a *health and safety standard* under this section.

⁶⁰ Section 49 (3) (a) empowers the Chief Inspector of Mines to monitor and control those environmental aspects at mines that affect the health and safety of employees or other persons.

⁶¹ Section 71 deals with the duty of every person summoned at an inquiry to answer any question.

99 Amendment of laws

Each of the laws referred to in Schedule 3 is hereby amended to the extent specified in that Schedule.

100 Transitional arrangements

(1) The amendment of laws referred to in Schedule 3 does not affect any transitional arrangement made in Schedule 4.

(2) The transitional arrangements in Schedule 4 must be read and applied as substantive provisions of *this Act*.

101 Interpretation

(1)

[Sub-s. (1) deleted by s. 42 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(2)⁶² Subject to sections 26 and 33, no agreement may affect any-

- (a) provision of *this Act*;
- (b) condition, notice, order, instruction, prohibition, authorisation, permission, consent, exemption, certificate or document determined, given, issued, promulgated or granted by or under *this Act* by the *Minister*, *Chief Inspector of Mines*, *inspector* or any other person authorised under *this Act*; or
- (c) any condition contained in any exemption.

(3) Subsection (2) applies to any agreement whether entered into before or after the commencement of *this Act* or before or after the issuing of the documents referred to in subsection (2).

(4) Any notice, order or any other document issued in good faith in terms of *this Act*, is valid according to its terms, despite any want of form or lack of power on the part of any person to issue or authenticate it, provided the necessary power is subsequently conferred upon that person.

⁶² Section 26 deals with the election and appointment of health and safety representatives. Section 33 deals with the election and appointment of members of health and safety committees.

102 Definitions

In *this Act*, unless the context otherwise indicates-

'biological monitoring' means a planned programme of periodic collection and analysis of body fluid, tissues, excreta or exhaled air in order to detect and quantify the exposure to or absorption of any *substance* or *organism*;

'chief executive officer' means the person who is responsible for the overall management and control of the business of an *employer*;
[Definition of 'chief executive officer' inserted by s. 43 (a) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'Chief Inspector of Mines' means the *officer* appointed in terms of section 48 (1) and includes any *officer* acting in that capacity;

'Commission' means the Commission for Conciliation, Mediation and Arbitration established in terms of section 112 of the *Labour Relations Act*;

'Constitution' means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996;

[Definition of 'Constitution' inserted by s. 30 (a) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'Council' means the Mine Health and Safety Council established by section 41 (1);

'Department' means the Department of Minerals and Energy;

[Definition of 'Department' substituted by s. 43 (b) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'employee' means any person who is employed or working at a *mine*;

'employer' means an owner;

[Definition of 'employer' substituted by s. 43 (c) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'engine' means any appliance or combination of appliances by which power, other than human or animal power, can be applied to do mechanical work;

'hazard' means a source of or exposure to danger;

'health' refers to *occupational health* at *mines*;

'health and safety committee' means a health and safety committee established in terms of section 34;

'health and safety equipment' means an article or part of an article that is manufactured, provided or installed in the interest of the health or safety of any person;

'health and safety representative' means an employee elected and appointed in terms of section 29;

'health and safety standard' means any *standard*, irrespective of whether or not it has the force of law, which, if applied for the purposes of *this Act*, will in the opinion of the Minister promote the attainment of an object of *this Act*;

'health hazard' means any physical, chemical or biological *hazard* to *health*, including anything declared to be a health hazard by the Minister;

'health-threatening occurrence' means any occurrence that has or may have the potential to cause *serious illness* or damage to *health*;

'healthy' means free from illness or injury attributable to occupational causes;

'inspector' means an *officer* appointed in terms of section 49 (1) (c), a *Medical Inspector* and any *Principal Inspector of Mines*;
[Definition of 'inspector' substituted by s. 43 (d) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'Labour Court' means the Labour Court established by section 151 of the *Labour Relations Act*;

'Labour Relations Act' means the Labour Relations Act, 1995 (Act 66 of 1995);

'machinery' means any *engine*, boiler or appliance or any combination of them, which is situated at a *mine* and used or intended to be used-

- (a) for generating, developing, receiving, storing, converting, transforming, transmitting or distributing any form of power or energy; or
- (b) for conveying persons, material or *minerals*;

'manager' means any competent person appointed in terms of section 3 (1) (a);

'Medical Inspector' means a Medical Inspector appointed in terms of section 49 (1) (b);

'medical practitioner' means a medical practitioner as defined in the Medical, Dental and Supplementary Health Service Professions Act, 1974 (Act 56 of 1974);

'medical surveillance' means a planned programme of periodic examination, which may include clinical examinations, *biological monitoring* or medical tests, of *employees* by an *occupational health practitioner* or by an *occupational medical practitioner* contemplated in section 13;

'mine' means, when-

- (a) used as a noun
 - (i) any borehole, or excavation, in any tailings or in the earth, including the portion of the earth that is under the sea or other water, made for the purpose of searching for or winning a *mineral*, whether it is being worked or not; or
 - (ii) any other place where a *mineral* deposit is being exploited, including the *mining area* and all buildings, structures, *machinery*, mine dumps, access roads or objects situated on or in that area that are used or intended to be used in connection with searching, winning, exploiting or *processing* of a *mineral*, or for *health* and *safety* purposes. But, if two or more excavations, boreholes or places are being worked in conjunction with one another, they are deemed to comprise one mine, unless the *Chief Inspector of Mines* notifies their employer in writing that those excavations, boreholes or places comprise two or more mines; or
 - (iii) a *works*; and
- (b) used as a verb, the making of any excavation or borehole referred to in paragraph (a) (i), or the exploitation of any *mineral* deposit in any other manner, for the purpose of winning a *mineral*, including *prospecting* in connection with the winning of a *mineral*;

'mineral' means any *substance*, excluding water, but including sand, stone, rock, gravel and clay, as well as soil, other than top soil-

- (a) whether that *substance* is in solid, liquid or gaseous form;
- (b) that occurs naturally in or on the earth, in or under water or in tailings; and
- (c) that has been formed by or subjected to a geological process;

'Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act' means the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002);
[Definition of 'Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act' inserted by s. 30 (b) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'Minerals Act'

[Definition of 'Minerals Act' deleted by s. 30 (c) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'mining area' means a prospecting area, mining area, retention area, exploration area and production area as defined in section 1 read with section 65 (2) (b) of the Petroleum and Mineral Resources Development Act, 2002 (Act 28 of 2002).
[Definition of 'mining area' substituted by s. 110 of Act 28 of 2002 (wef 1 May 2004).]

'Minister'⁶³ means the Minister of Minerals and Energy;
[Definition of 'Minister' substituted by s. 43 (e) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'occupational disease' means any *health* disorder including a compensatable disease as contemplated by the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (Act 78 of 1973), and an occupational disease contemplated by the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993 (Act 130 of 1993);
[Definition of 'occupational disease' substituted by s. 43 (f) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'occupational health' includes *occupational hygiene* and *occupational medicine*;

'occupational health practitioner'

[Definition of 'occupational health practitioner' deleted by s. 30 (d) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'occupational hygiene' means the anticipation, recognition, evaluation and control of conditions at the *mine*, that may cause illness or adverse health effects to persons;

'occupational medicine' means the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of illness, injury and adverse health effects associated with a particular type of work;

'occupational medical practitioner' means a *medical practitioner* who holds a qualification in *occupational medicine*, or an equivalent qualification, recognised by the Health Professions Council of South Africa;
[Definition of 'occupational medical practitioner' substituted by s. 30 (e) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'officer' means a woman or man who has been appointed permanently despite the fact that such appointment may be on probation to a post contemplated in section 8 (1) (a) of the Public Service Act, 1994 (Proclamation 103 of 1994), and includes a woman or man contemplated in section 8 (1) (b) or 8 (3) (c) of that Act;

'organism' means any biological entity which is capable of causing illness to persons;

'owner'-

- (a) in relation to a *mine*, means-

- (i) the holder of a prospecting permit or mining authorisation issued under the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act*;
 - [Sub-para. (i) substituted by s. 30 (f) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]
 - (ii) if a prospecting permit or mining authorisation does not exist, the person for whom the activities contemplated in paragraph (b) of the definition of '*mine*' are undertaken, but excluding an independent contractor; or
 - (iii) if neither (i) or (ii) is applicable, the last person who worked the *mine* or that person's successor in title; and
 - (b) in relation to a *works*, means the person who is undertaking the activities contemplated in the definition of '*works*', but excluding an independent contractor;
- [Definition of 'owner' substituted by s. 43 (g) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'prescribed' means prescribed by *regulation*;

'Principal Inspector of Mines' means the *officer* appointed by the *Chief Inspector of Mines* to be in charge of *health* and *safety* in any region established in terms of section 47 (2);

[Definition of 'Principal Inspector of Mines' inserted by s. 43 (h) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'processing' means the recovering, extracting, concentrating, refining, calcining, classifying, crushing, milling, screening, washing, reduction, smelting or gasification of any *mineral*, and '**process**' has a similar meaning;

'prospecting' means intentionally searching for any *mineral* by means that disturb any tailings or the surface of the earth, including the portion of the earth that is under the sea or under other water, by means of excavation or drilling, but does not include *mine* as a verb;

'Public Finance Management Act' means the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act 1 of 1999);

[Definition of 'Public Finance Management Act' inserted by s. 30 (g) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'reasonably practicable' means practicable having regard to-

- (a) the severity and scope of the *hazard* or *risk* concerned;
- (b) the state of knowledge reasonably available concerning that *hazard* or *risk* and of any means of removing or mitigating that *hazard* or *risk*;
- (c) the availability and suitability of means to remove or mitigate that *hazard* or *risk*; and
- (d) the costs and the benefits of removing or mitigating that *hazard* or *risk*;

'record' includes information contained in or on a computer printout, tape or disc or any other computer storage medium;

'record of medical surveillance' means a *record* kept in terms of section 13 (3);

'registered trade union' means a trade union registered in terms of the *Labour Relations Act*;

'regulation' means a regulation made under section 98 or in force in terms of item 4 of Schedule 4;

'representative trade union' means a *registered trade union*, or two or more *registered trade unions* acting jointly, that have as members the majority of *employees* at a *mine*;

'risk' means the likelihood that occupational injury or harm to persons will occur;

'safety' means safety at *mines*;

'serious injury' means any injury which is reportable under *this Act*;

'serious illness' means any illness resulting from occupational exposure that affects the *health* of a person to the extent that it incapacitates the affected person from resuming that person's normal or similar occupation for four days or more;

'standard' means any provision occurring-

- (a) in a specification, compulsory specification, code of practice or standard method as defined in section 1 of the Standards Act, 1993 (Act 29 of 1993); or
- (b) in any specification, code or any other directive having standardisation as its aim and issued by an institution or organisation inside or outside the Republic which, whether generally or with respect to any particular article or matter and whether internationally or in any particular country or territory, seeks to promote standardisation;

'substance' includes any solid, liquid, vapour, gas or aerosol, alone or in any combination;

'this Act' includes-

- (a) the section numbers, but not the page headers, headings or sidenotes;
- (b) the Schedules;
- (c) the *regulations*; and
- (d) any condition, suspension, notice, order, instruction, prohibition, authorisation, permission, consent, exemption, certificate or document determined, given, issued, promulgated or granted by or under *this Act* by the *Minister*, *Chief Inspector of Mines*, an *inspector*, any person authorised under section 49 (4) or any person to whom a power has been delegated or the performance of a duty has been assigned under section 96;

[Para. (d) substituted by s. 43 (i) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

'topsoil' means topsoil as defined in section 1 of the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act*;

[Definition of 'topsoil' inserted by s. 43 (j) of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and substituted by s. 30 (h) of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

'working place' means any place at a *mine* where *employees* travel or work;

'works' means any place, excluding a *mine*, where any person carries out-

- (a) the transmitting and distributing to another consumer of any form of power from a *mine*, by the *employer* thereof, to the terminal point of bulk supply or where the supply is not in bulk, to the power supply meter on any such other consumer's premises; or
- (b) training at any central rescue station; or
- (c) the making, repairing, re-opening or closing of any subterranean tunnel; or
- (d) any operations necessary or in connection with any of the operations listed in this paragraph.

63 Minister of Mineral Resources - Proc 44 in GG 32367 of 1 July 2009

103 Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993, not applicable

The Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act 85 of 1993), is not applicable to any matter in respect of which any provision of *this Act* is applicable.

104 Civil liability of State

The State Liability Act, 1957 (Act 20 of 1957), applies with the changes required by the context in respect of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate, and in such application a reference in that Act to the *Minister* of a department concerned must be construed as a reference to the *Chief Inspector of Mines*.

[S. 104 substituted by s. 31 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

105 Act binds State

The provisions of *this Act* bind the State except in so far as any criminal liability is concerned.

106 Short title and commencement

(1) *This Act* is called the Mine Health and Safety Act, 1996.

(2) *This Act* comes into operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

Schedule 1

GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING THE NUMBER OF FULL-TIME HEALTH AND SAFETY REPRESENTATIVES

1. Introduction

(1) This Schedule contains guidelines for determining the number of full-time *health and safety representatives*.

(2) *This Act* places the highest value on agreement. The parties referred to in section 26 must refer to this Schedule, using its guidelines in a manner that best suits the particular *mine*.

(3) If agreement is not reached, the Commissioner appointed by the *Commission* must refer to this Schedule, using its guidelines in a manner that best suits the particular *mine*.

2. Minimum threshold

(1) There should be a full-time *health and safety representative* in every *mine* that requires the use of a full-time *health and safety representative*, taking into account-

- (a) the volume, size and physical location of the *mine*;
- (b) the *health and safety record* of the *mine*;
- (c) the number of designated *working places*; and
- (d) the objects of *this Act*.

(2) The guidelines as to the size of the *mine* that should have a full-time *health and safety representative* is a *mine* with 500 *employees*.

3. Number of full-time health and safety representatives

(1) The formula for determining the number of full-time *health and safety representatives* should take into account-

- (a) the nature, size and physical location of the *mine*;
- (b) the *health and safety record* of the *mine*;
- (c) the number of designated *working places*;
- (d) the number of *health and safety representatives*;
- (e) the number of shafts and the number of *employees* at the shaft; and
- (f) the objects of *this Act*.

Schedule 2

NOMINATION AND APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO TRIPARTITE INSTITUTIONS

[Schedule 2 amended by ss. 44 and 47 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

The *Minister* must make the regulations referred to in sections 42 (2) and 45 (2) in a manner that ensures that-

- (a) members appointed to represent *employees* are either-
 - (i) all nominated by agreement between *registered trade unions* representing at least 75% of *employees* belonging to such trade unions in the mining industry; or
 - (ii) failing agreement in terms of subparagraph (i)-
 - (aa) at least half are persons nominated by a *registered trade union* or unions representing the majority of *employees* belonging to such trade unions in the mining industry; and
 - (bb) the rest are persons nominated by *registered trade unions* and appointed in accordance with the significance of the trade unions concerned; and
- (b) members appointed to represent *employers* are either-
 - (i) all nominated by agreement between *employers' organisations* whose members employ at least 75% of *employees* in the mining industry; or
 - (ii) failing agreement in terms of subparagraph (i)-
 - (aa) at least half are persons nominated by an *employers' organisation* or organisations whose members employ the majority of the *employees* in the mining industry; and

[Item (aa) substituted by s. 44 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

(bb) the rest are persons nominated by *employers' organisations* and appointed in accordance with the significance of the organisations concerned.

Schedule 3

AMENDMENT OF LAWS

[Schedule 3 amended by ss. 45 and 47 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998).]

A: MINERALS ACT, 1991

1

Amends section 1 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991, as follows: paragraph (a) deletes the definitions of 'certificated', 'engine', 'investigating officer', 'machinery', 'manager', 'mine safety committee', 'peace officer', 'regional director', 'regional mining engineer', 'serious bodily harm' and 'works'; paragraph (b) inserts the definition of 'Chief Inspector of Mines'; and paragraph (c) inserts the definition of 'Director: Mineral Development'.

2

Amends section 2 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by deleting subsection (2).

3

Amends section 8 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by substituting subsection (1).

4

Amends section 9 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (3) (a); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (3) (c); paragraph (c) substitutes subsection (5) (c); paragraph (d) deletes the word 'and' at the end of subsection (5) (d) and substitutes subsection (5) (e); paragraph (e) adds subsection (5) (f); and paragraph (f) adds subsections (7) and (8).

5

Amends section 12 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by adding subsection (2), the existing section becoming subsection (1).

6

Substitutes section 15 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991.

7

Amends section 25 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by substituting subsection (2).

8

Repeals sections 26 to 37 inclusive of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991.

9

Amends section 39 (3) of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by substituting the words following paragraph (c).

10

Amends section 41 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by substituting subsection (1).

11

Amends section 51 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (2) (b); and paragraph (b) deletes subsection (2) (d).

12

Inserts sections 53A to 53D inclusive in the Minerals Act 50 of 1991.

13

Amends section 54 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by substituting subsection (1).

14

Amends section 60 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (2).

15

Amends section 61 (1) of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by deleting paragraphs (d), (e) and (f).

16

Amends section 63 of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991, as follows: paragraph (a) deletes subsection (1) (a), (b), (h) (iv) and (v), (i), (j), (k), (l), (n), (u), (v), (w) and (x); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (1) (m); paragraph (c) substitutes subsection (2); and paragraph (d) deletes subsection (3).

17

Amends the Minerals Act 50 of 1991 by substituting the expression 'Director: Mineral Development' for the expression 'regional director', wherever it occurs in the Act.

18

Substitutes the long title of the Minerals Act 50 of 1991.

B: REFERENCE TO GOVERNMENT MINING ENGINEER IN CERTAIN ACTS

Substitution for Government Mining Engineer

The following Acts are hereby amended by the substitution for the expression 'Government Mining Engineer', wherever it occurs, of the expression 'Chief Inspector of Mines as contemplated in the Mine Health and Safety Act, 1996':

Advertising on Roads and Ribbon Development Act, 1940 (Act 21 of 1940)

Rand Water Board Statutes (Private) Act, 1950 (Act 17 of 1950)

Mines and Works Act, 1956 (Act 27 of 1956)

Atmospheric Pollution Act, 1965 (Act 45 of 1965)

National Roads Act, 1971 (Act 54 of 1971)

Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (Act 78 of 1973)

National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977 (Act 103 of 1977).

Schedule 4

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

[Schedule 4 amended by s. 46 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1998) and by s. 32 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

1. Any *health and safety standard* which, immediately prior to the commencement of *this Act*, was incorporated under the provisions of the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act* or the regulations made under that Act is deemed to be a *health and safety standard* incorporated under this item.

2. A certificate of fitness issued under the provisions of the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (Act 78 of 1973), which was valid immediately before the commencement of *this Act* shall be deemed to be sufficient proof that the *employee* is fit to perform work until the certificate is cancelled or expires.

3. A declaration in respect of any work which has been declared under the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (Act 78 of 1973), to be *risk work* at controlled *mines* is deemed to be a declaration made under section 76 (1) of *this Act* and remains in force until the declaration is withdrawn or superseded under *this Act*.

4. Any regulation made or deemed to be made under the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act* that relates to *health and safety* issues that can be regulated under *this Act*, may be amended under *this Act* and remains in force until repealed under *this Act*.
[Item 4 substituted by s. 46 of Act 72 of 1997 (wef 15 January 1997).]

5. To the extent that it grants exemptions from the operation of a provision similar to a provision of *this Act*, an exemption is deemed to have been granted under section 79 if-

- (a) it was granted under the provisions of the *Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act*; and
- (b) it is still in force when *this Act* commences.

6. Section 85 does not apply to an *employee* employed at any *mine* immediately before the commencement of that section.

7. The Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate continues to exist as a juristic person and the *Chief Inspector of Mines* is its accounting authority.

[Item 7 added by s. 32 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

Schedule 5

SUSPENSION AND VARIATION OF APPLICATION OF OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES IN MINES AND WORKS ACT, 1973 (ACT 78 OF 1973)

[Schedule 5 added by GN R848 in GG 18078 of 21 June 1997.]

The application of the following sections of the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act, 1973 (in this Schedule referred to as the 1973 Act) is hereby suspended:

- (a) Section 4 (2) (b).
- (b) Section 15.
- (c) Section 16 (1) (b) and (c).
- (d) Section 23.
- (e) Section 24.
- (f) Section 25.
- (g) Section 26.
- (h) Section 27 (2), (3), (4) and (5).
- (i) Section 28.
- (j) Section 29.
- (k) Section 30.
- (l) Section 37 (2) (a).
- (m) Section 121 (1) (b), (h) and (i).
- (n) Section 124 (3) (g) and (h).
- (o) Section 125.
- (p) Section 126 (1), (2) (a) and (b) and (3) (a) and (b) (i).

(1) The application of the following sections of the 1973 Act is hereby limited to medical examinations for the purpose of determining benefits:

- (a) Section 4 (1) and (2) (a).
- (b) Section 5.
- (c) Section 31 (1).
- (d) Section 36, subject to item 3 (b).
- (e) Section 37 (1), (2) (b) and (3).

(2) The application of section 27 (1) of the 1973 Act is hereby limited to instances where the director receives a communication as contemplated in section 33 (1).

(3) The application of the following sections of the 1973 Act is hereby limited to persons employed at mines or works:

- (a) Section 31 (1).
- (b) Section 36 (1) (a).

Schedule 6

CONSTITUTION OF THE MINE HEALTH AND SAFETY COUNCIL

[Schedule 6 added by GN R1317 in GG 18352 of 10 October 1997 and amended by GN R906 in GG 23585 of 2 July 2002 (as corrected by GN R1575 in GG 24168 of 13 December 2002).]

1 Establishment of Council and committees

(1) The *Council*⁶⁴ and the *committees* of the *Council*, the Mining Regulation Advisory Committee, the Mining Occupational Health Advisory Committee and the Safety in Mines Research Advisory Committee are established by section 41 (1) and (2) of *this Act*⁶⁵.

(2)⁶⁶ The *Council* may establish *ad hoc committees* and subcommittees for such periods as the *Council* may consider necessary, to achieve the object or perform the functions of the *Council*.

(3) Every *committee* or *ad hoc committee* may, subject to such conditions as the *Council* may determine, establish subcommittees, for such periods as the *committee* may consider necessary, to perform any function of that *committee*.

⁶⁴ An italicised word or phrase is defined in section 102 of the Mine Health and Safety Act, 1996 (Act 29 of 1996), (*this Act*) and an italicised word or phrase in bold is defined in item 24 of this Constitution.

⁶⁵ In this Constitution all references to sections are references to sections in *this Act* unless otherwise indicated.

⁶⁶ *Ad hoc* and subcommittees are distinguished between the definition of '*other committee*'.

2 Legal status

(1) The *Council* is a body corporate.

(2) All actions, suits or other proceedings at law, by or against any *committee* must be brought by or against the *Council*.

(3) The *Council* may authorise any person or persons to act on behalf of the *Council* and to sign all such documents and to take all such steps as may be necessary in connection with any proceedings at law brought by or against the *Council*.

3 Object of Council⁶⁷

The object of the *Council* is to advise the *Minister* on *health and safety at mines*.

⁶⁷ Section 41 (1) prescribes the object of the *Council*.

4 Functions of Council⁶⁸

The *Council* must-

- (a) advise the *Minister* on *health and safety at mines* including, but not limited to, any legislation on *mine rehabilitation* in so far as it concerns *health and safety*;
- (b) co-ordinate the activities of the *committees*;
- (c) consider the reports of the *committees*;
- (d) liaise with the Mining Qualifications Authority on matters relating to *health and safety*;

- (e) liaise with any other statutory bodies concerned with matters relating to *health and safety*;
 - (f) promote a culture of *health and safety* in the mining industry;
 - (g) at least once every two years arrange and co-ordinate a tripartite summit to review the state of *health and safety* at *mines*;
 - (h) for each year consider an overall programme for relevant *health and safety* for approval as *prescribed* and deliver a copy to the Minister of Finance for consideration; and
 - (i) perform every duty imposed upon the *Council* in terms of *this Act*.
- 68 Sections 43 (a) to (f) determine the duties of the *Council*.

5 Functions of committees

- (1)⁶⁹ The Mining Regulation Advisory Committee must advise the *Council* on-
 - (a) proposed changes to legislation to improve *health or safety* at *mines*;
 - (b) proposals for changes to legislation made by any *committee*;
 - (c) guidelines for codes of practice; and
 - (d) *standards* approved by the South African Bureau of Standards.
 - (2)⁷⁰ The Mining Occupational Health Advisory Committee must advise the *Council* on-
 - (a) policy relating to *health*;
 - (b) *standards*, systems and procedures for assessing, avoiding, eliminating, controlling and minimising *health risks*;
 - (c) *regulations* on any aspect of *health*;
 - (d) *health research*; and
 - (e) collecting, processing and distributing *health* data in the mining industry.
 - (3)⁷¹ The Safety in Mines Research Advisory Committee must advise the *Council* on-
 - (a) ⁷²criteria for determining the funding of *health and safety* research;
 - (b) the need for research into *health and safety* at *mines*;
 - (c) research projects, including priorities of projects, cost, assessment, ratification and execution;
 - (d) communication and publication of research results; and
 - (e) the management of the cost of the overall programme.
 - (4)⁷³ The Safety in Mines Research Advisory Committee must prepare the programme for relevant *health and safety* research for the *Council* to consider. The programme must include-
 - (a) a review of *health and safety* performance in the different mining sectors;
 - (b) an evaluation of the research proposals made by the *Council* or any *committee*;
 - (c) the focus of *health and safety* research and priorities for the different sectors of mining; and
 - (d) an estimate of the cost of the programme.
- 69 Sections 44 (1) (a) to (d) determine the duties of MRAC.
- 70 Sections 44 (2) (a) to (e) determine the duties of MOHAC.
- 71 Sections 44 (3) (a) to (e) and 44 (4) (a) to (d) determine the duties of SIMRAC.
- 72 Section 98 (1) (zJ) empowers the Minister to make regulations for the payment of levies for funding research and surveys and for the promotion of *health and safety* at *mines*.
- 73 1. Sections 44 (3) (a) to (e) and 44 (4) (a) to (d) determine the duties of SIMRAC.
2. The Council considers the overall programme in terms of item 4 (h).

6 Functions of other committees

Other committees must perform the functions delegated or assigned to them in terms of item 7.

7 Delegation and assignment of functions⁷⁴

- (1) The *Council* may delegate or assign any of the functions of the *Council* by or under *this Act* to any *committee*.
 - (2) Committees and *ad hoc* committees may delegate or assign any of their functions to any of their subcommittees.
 - (3) A delegation or assignment under subitem (1) or (2)-
 - (a) must be in writing;
 - (b) is subject to such conditions and restrictions as determined by the *Council*, a *committee* or an *ad hoc committee*, as the case may be; and
 - (c) does not prevent the performance of that function by the *Council*, a *committee* or an *ad hoc committee*, as the case may be.
- 74 Sections 42 (4) and (5) enable the *Council* to delegate any of its powers of [sic] assign any of its duties by or under *this Act* to committees.

8 Composition of Council and committees

- (1)⁷⁵ The *Council* consists of-
 - (a) five members representing *employers* in the mining industry;
 - (b) five members representing *employees* in the mining industry;
 - (c) four members representing departments of State; and
 - (d) the *Chief Inspector of Mines*, who must chair the *Council*.
 - (2) Every *committee* consists of-
 - (a) five members representing *employers* in the mining industry;
 - (b) five members representing *employees* in the mining industry;
 - (c) four members representing departments of State; and
 - (d) an *officer* of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate who must chair the committee.
 - (3) Every **other committee** consists of the number of members determined by the relevant **establishing authority**.
 - (4) The *parties* are entitled to equal representation on **other committees**.
- 75 Section 42 (1) prescribes the membership of the *Council*.

9 Nomination and appointment of members

(1)⁷⁶ Members of the *Council* and *committees* are nominated and appointed in accordance with the *regulations* and members of any **other committee** are nominated and appointed in accordance with this item.

(2) Every **party** on the relevant **establishing authority** may nominate persons as members representing their **party** on any **other committee**.

(3) The relevant **establishing authority**-

- (a) must appoint the members; and
- (b) may appoint one of the members as chairperson.

(4) If the relevant **establishing authority** does not appoint a chairperson, the *members* of the *committee* may appoint a chairperson from among their number.

(5)⁷⁷ Members representing *employees* or *employers* on any **other committee** may hold office for such period as the relevant **establishing authority** may determine, which period may not exceed three years. A member whose period of office expires, may be reappointed.

(6)⁷⁸ If the office of a member of any **other committee** is vacated before the end of the period of office of such member, a person to replace such member must, subject to the provisions of this Constitution-

- (a) be nominated by the **party** that was represented by the member; and
- (b) be appointed by the relevant **establishing authority** for a period not exceeding the balance of the period of office of the member in whose place the person is appointed.

(7) The appointment of any member of any **other committee** is subject to any condition that the relevant **establishing authority** determine.

(8) The chairperson of the relevant **establishing authority** must in writing notify the members of their appointment.

(9) If a member appointed in terms of this item does not accept such appointment, a person to replace such person must be appointed in accordance with this item.

(10) Every **party** must appoint an **alternate** for each of its members on the *Council*, a *committee* or *ad hoc committee* and must notify the chairperson of the *Council* or the relevant *committee* or *ad hoc committee*, as the case may be, of such appointment.

(11) The relevant **establishing authority**-

- (a) may appoint **alternates** for members of subcommittees; and
- (b) must notify-
 - (i) the **alternates** of their appointment; and
 - (ii) the members of their respective **alternates**.

⁷⁶ Regulations 18.1 to 18.7 published by Government Notice R93 in the Gazette of 15 January 1997.

⁷⁷ Regulation 18.5 published by Government Notice R93 in the Gazette of 15 January 1997 determines the term of office of members of the *Council* and its *committees*.

⁷⁸ Mine Health and Safety Regulation 18 (6) deals with the filling of casual vacancies of the *Council* and *committees*.

10 Vacation of office

(1) A *member* vacates office-

- (a) on expiry of the *member's* period of office;
- (b) if such *member*-
 - (i) is absent from two consecutive meetings of the *Council* or *committee* for which such *member* is appointed without notifying the **chairperson** before the meeting that the *member* will be absent;
 - (ii) resigns as a *member*; or
 - (iii) is required to vacate office by the **party** or the organisation which that *member* represents;
- (c) if such *member* was nominated by an organisation and that organisation no longer meets the criteria allowing it to nominate *members*; or
- (d) if the *Council* or *committee* on which the *member* serves, is abolished.

(2) If a member vacates office, the **alternate** appointed for such member ceases to hold office as **alternate**.

11 Functions of chairperson

(1) Every **chairperson** must with regard to the *Council* or *committee* which the person chairs-

- (a) allow each **party** to appoint from among its members a person to act as convenor of such **party** for communication purposes. If a **party** does not appoint such convenor, the **chairperson** may appoint any member of that **party** as convenor of the **party**;
- (b) cause meetings to be convened; and
- (c) ensure the orderly conduct of meetings and that all resolutions are recorded.

(2) If in the opinion of the **chairperson** the behaviour of any *member* is disruptive to the orderly conduct of the meeting, the **chairperson** may order that *member* to leave a meeting.

(3)⁷⁹ If the chairperson of the *Council* or a *committee* is unable to attend a meeting, the chairperson may designate another officer of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate to chair the meeting.

⁷⁹ If the chairperson of any **other committee** is unable to attend a meeting, a *member* of that committee may be elected in terms of item 16 (3) to chair the meeting.

12 Appointment and functions of secretary

(1) The *Council* must appoint a secretary for-

- (a) the *Council* and every *committee* and *ad hoc committee*; and
- (b) any subcommittee if the **establishing authority** so requires.

[Sub-s. (1) amended by GN R906 in GG 23585 of 2 July 2002.]

(2) If a secretary is not appointed for a subcommittee, the **members** of that committee must keep a record of and report to the relevant **establishing authority** on their activities.

(3) A secretary must, with regard to the *Council* or *committee* for which the secretary is appointed-

- (a) prepare the agenda for every meeting;
- (b) prepare the minutes of every meeting;

- (c) record every resolution of such meeting and if so requested by a **member**, the views of that **member**;
- (d) keep general records, records of **members**, minutes, documents and files of the *Council* or such **committee**; and
- (e) serve every member with-
 - (i) a convening notice and the agenda of a meeting at least five **clear days** before the meeting or two **clear days** before an urgent meeting;
 - (ii) any reports or documentation to be considered at a meeting, a reasonable period before the meeting; and
 - (iii) the minutes of every meeting.

13 Rights and obligations of members

- (1) Any **member** who is unable to attend a meeting of the *Council* or any **committee**-
 - (a) may designate any **alternate** of that **member's party** on the *Council* or that **committee** as the case may be, to represent the **member** at the meeting; and
 - (b) must before the meeting give notice of it to the **chairperson**.
 - (2) An **alternate** designated under subitem (1) has the rights and obligations of the member whom that **alternate** represents.
 - (3)⁸⁰ Every**member** has the right to-
 - (a) be heard on any matter considered at the meeting;
 - (b) take part in the resolution of any matter before the meeting; and
 - (c) have their views, on any matter considered at the meeting, recorded in the minutes of the meeting and in any report or recommendation of the meeting.
- ⁸⁰ Section 42 (6) entitles *members* to have their views reflected in any report of the *Council* or **committee**.

14 Meetings

- (1) The *Council* must meet at such intervals as required for the proper performance of the functions of the *Council*, but at least once every six months.
- (2) Every **committee** and *ad hoc committee* must meet at such intervals as required for the proper performance of the functions of the **committee**, but at least once every three months.
- (3) Subcommittees must meet at such intervals as determined by their activities and the dates for the completion of their tasks.
- (4) An urgent meeting of the *Council* or any **committee** may be called by the **chairperson** at the written request of at least two **members** or when the **chairperson** deems it necessary.
- (5) The *Council* may direct any **committee** to call an urgent meeting to resolve any matter determined by the *Council*.
- (6) A **committee** or *ad hoc committee* may direct any of its subcommittees to call an urgent meeting to resolve any matter determined by such **committee**.

15 Quorum

- (1) Eight members form a quorum for any meeting of the *Council* or a **committee** provided that at least two **members** of each **party** are present.
- (2) The quorum for any **other committee** must be determined by the relevant **establishing authority**.
- (3) Despite subitems (1) and (2), if the convenors of the **parties** in the *Council* or any **committee** so agree, a smaller number may constitute a quorum for an urgent meeting of the *Council* or that **committee**, as the case may be.
- (4) If a quorum is not present at a meeting, the meeting must be postponed to a date, time and place determined by the **chairperson**. The **members** present at the subsequent meeting form a quorum for that meeting.

16 Procedures at meetings

- (1) Items may be added to the agenda of any meeting if the meeting so decides.
- (2) Any**member** who has a direct or personal financial interest in any matter before the meeting must, before the matter is discussed by the meeting, declare such interest to the meeting and the **chairperson** must determine whether such **member** may participate in the consideration of that matter.
- (3) If the designated **chairperson** is not present at a meeting the **members** may elect from among their number a **chairperson** for that meeting.

17 Resolution of meeting

- (1) The *Council* or any**committee** must endeavour to reach **consensus** on any matter that requires resolution.
- (2) If **consensus** cannot be reached on any matter after sincere endeavours to do so, a decision of the majority of **members** present and voting at a meeting constitutes the resolution on that matter by the *Council* or any **committee**, as the case may be.
- (3) Any report or advice of the *Council* or any **committee** which reflects a resolution that was not reached by **consensus**, must reflect-
 - (a) the different views of the **members** on the matter so resolved; and
 - (b) which **members** supported each view.
- (4) No resolution nor any act authorised by the *Council* or any **committee** is invalid merely because of a vacancy on the *Council* or that **committee** or because any person not entitled to sit as a **member** sat at such meeting at the time the resolution was taken or the act was authorised if a quorum was constituted by the rest of the **members** present at the meeting and entitled to sit as **members** at the meeting.
- (5) Despite subitems (1) to (3), if the **members** present and voting at a meeting reach **consensus** on the matter, the *Council* may resolve that any specific resolution of the *Council* may only be amended or revoked by a special majority of, or the **consensus of the Council**.

[Subitem (5) added by GN R906 in GG 23585 of 2 July 2002 (as corrected by GN R1575 in GG 24168 of 13 December 2002).]

18 Funds of Council

- (1)⁸¹ The funds of the *Council* consist of-
 - (a) moneys appropriated by Parliament to perform the functions of the *Council*;
 - (b) other moneys received in terms of *this Act*;
 - (c) revenue obtained from investments;
 - (d) fees or royalties obtained from intellectual property of the *Council*;
 - (e) donations or contributions received from any person, body, government or administration; and
 - (f) any other money received from any other source.

(2) Moneys appropriated by Parliament must be used for-

- (a) ⁸²the payment to **members** who are not in the full-time service of the State of such remuneration and allowances as the *Minister* may determine with the agreement of the Minister of Finance; and
- (b) ⁸³the payment for administrative functions of the *Council* and **committees**.

(3) Moneys referred to in subitem (1) (b), (c), (d) or (f) may be-

- (a) used as contemplated in *this Act*;
- (b) invested with any bank registered as such under the Banks Act, 1990 (Act 94 of 1990), or invested in such other manner as may be determined by the *Minister* with the agreement of the Minister of Finance; and
- (c) used to register or utilise any intellectual property of the *Council*.

(4) Moneys referred to in subitem (1) (e) must be utilised in accordance with the conditions, if any, imposed by the donor or contributor of such moneys.

(5) The chairperson of the *Council* must for each financial year submit a statement of estimated income and expenditure during such financial year to the *Minister* who, with the agreement of the Minister of Finance, must approve the budget for-

- (a) the first financial year, before the first meeting of the *Council*; and
- (b) every other financial year, before the beginning of such financial year.

⁸¹ Section 42 (7) empowers the *Minister* to provide funds for the administration of the *Council* and its **committees** from public funds.

⁸² Section 42 (7) requires the agreement of the Minister of Finance for the provision of funds for the administration of the *Council* and its **committees** from public funds.

⁸³ Section 42 (7) requires the agreement of the Minister of Finance for the provision of funds for the administration of the *Council* and its **committees** from public funds.

19 Accountability

(1) The chairperson of the *Council* is the accounting officer of the *Council*.

(2) The accounting officer is responsible for all moneys received and payments made by the *Council*.

(3) The financial year of the *Council* ends on 31 March in each year.

(4) The accounting officer must cause records to be kept in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles that are necessary to represent fairly the state of affairs and business of the *Council* and to explain the transactions and financial position of the *Council*.

(5) Annual financial statements must be prepared in respect of every financial year. The statements must consist of-

- (a) a balance sheet dealing with the state of affairs of the *Council*;
- (b) a return of income received and expenses incurred by the *Council*; and
- (c) a statement of cash flow information.

(6) The books of account, statements of account and annual financial statements of the *Council* must be audited annually by the Auditor-General. The Auditor General must compile a report on the audit and submit a copy of it to the *Minister* and the chairperson of the *Council*.

(7) The secretary of the *Council* must supply each member of the *Council* with a copy of the report of the Auditor-General.

(8) As soon as practicable after the report of the Auditor-General has been submitted to the *Minister* in terms of subitem (6), the *Minister* must table it in Parliament.

20 Administrative, secretarial and other services

(1) The *Council* may employ employees to provide such administrative, secretarial or other services to the *Council* and its **committees** as the *Council* may determine.

(2) Despite subitem (1), the *Council*, with the approval of the *Minister*, may contract any person, or arrange for **officers** of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate, to provide such administrative, secretarial and other services to the *Council* and **committees** as the *Council* may determine.

[Item 20 substituted by GN R906 in GG 23585 of 2 July 2002.]

21 Abolition of Council or committee⁸⁴

(1) The *Council* and the **committees** may be abolished by an Act of Parliament.

(2) The *Council* may at any time abolish any **other committee**.

(3) A **committee** or *ad hoc committee* may at any time abolish any subcommittee established by that committee.

⁸⁴ See item 1 for the establishment of the *Council* and **committees**.

22 Limitation of liability

(1) A **member** or an employee of the *Council* does not incur any civil liability only because of doing or failing to do something which such **member** may do or is required to do in terms of *this Act* or this Constitution.

[Subitem (1) substituted by GN R906 in GG 23585 of 2 July 2002.]

(2) The *Council* does not incur any civil liability only because a **member**, or an employee of the *Council*, or any person contracted to perform a function of the *Council* or a **committee**, or an **officer** of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate assigned to perform such functions, took an action or failed to take an action under or in terms of *this Act* or this Constitution, and in taking or failing to take that action acted without negligence and in good faith.

[Subitem (2) substituted by GN R906 in GG 23585 of 2 July 2002 (as corrected by GN R1575 in GG 24168 of 13 December 2002).]

23 Amendment of constitution⁸⁵

(1) (a) If the *Minister* wants to amend the constitution, the *Minister* must furnish a proposal containing such amendments to the chairperson of the *Council*, who must convene a meeting to consider the proposal.

(b) At such meeting the *Council* must consider the proposal and resolve either to-

- (i) support the proposal as it is;
- (ii) support the proposal with certain amendments; or
- (iii) oppose the proposal.

(c) The *Council* must submit its resolution to the *Minister*.

(d) If the *Council* resolves to support the proposal with certain amendments or to oppose the proposal, the motivation for such resolution and the amendments, if any, must be included in the submission to the *Minister*.

(2) (a) If the *Council* wants the constitution to be amended, the *Council* must submit a proposal regarding such amendment to the *Minister*.

(b) Such proposal by the *Council* is deemed to be consultation by the *Minister* with the *Council* as contemplated in section 97 (1).

(c) If the *Minister* is not satisfied with the amendments or the motivation for the amendments, the *Minister* may refer the proposal back to the *Council* for further consideration.

85 Section 97 (1) read with 97 (3) of this Act authorises the Minister to add to, change or replace this Constitution, after consultation with the *Council*, by publication in the *Gazette*.

24 Definitions

Unless the context otherwise indicates-

'**alternate**' means any person appointed as an alternate to a member under item 9 (10);

'**chairperson**' means any person who chairs any meeting of the *Council* or a **committee**;

'**clear day**' means any day of the week except Sundays and public holidays;

'**committee**' means any **committee** or **other committee**;

'**consensus**' means unanimous agreement;

'**establishing authority**' means-

(i) in the case of the *Council* and a committee, Parliament by legislation;

(ii) in the case of an *ad hoc* committee, the *Council*; and

(iii) in the case of a subcommittee, the *Council*, or any **committee** or *ad hoc committee* that establishes the subcommittee;

'**member**' means any member of the *Council* or any **committee** and includes any **alternate** designated by a member to represent that member at a meeting of the *Council* or **committee**;

'**other committee**'⁸⁶ means-

(a) an *ad hoc committee* established for a limited term to perform any function of the *Council* which is not a function of any **committee**; and

(b) a subcommittee established by-

(i) the *Council* to perform any function of the *Council* which is not assigned by or under *this Act* to a **committee**; and

(ii) a **committee** or an *ad hoc committee* to perform any function of that **committee**; and

'**party**' means *employers*, *employees* or the State, as the case may be.

86 If a function of the *Council* needs to be performed on a permanent basis by a **committee**, the *Council* may either delegate or assign the function to a **committee** or request that a new **committee** be established by legislation to perform the function.

Schedule 7 CONSTITUTION OF MINING QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY

[Schedule 7 added by GN R612 in GG 18854 of 24 April 1998.]

ARRANGEMENT OF CONSTITUTION

1. Establishment of Authority and committees
2. Legal status
3. Objects of Authority
4. Functions of Authority
5. Functions of **committees**
6. Functions of other **committees**
7. Composition of Authority and **committees**
8. Nomination and appointment of members of **committees**
9. Vacation of office
10. Appointment and functions of the executive officer
11. Delegation and assignment of functions
12. Functions of the chairperson
13. Appointment and functions of secretary
14. Rights and obligations of members
15. Meetings
16. Quorum
17. Procedures at meetings
18. Resolution of meeting
19. Funds of Authority
20. Accounting
21. Abolition of Authority and **committees**
22. Limitation of liability
23. Amendments to constitution
24. Interpretation

CONSTITUTION⁸⁷ OF THE MINING QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY (MQA)

To provide for the constitution of the Mining Qualifications Authority; for the promotion of the objectives of the National Qualifications Framework in the mining industry; for advising the Minister on matters relating to education and training standards and qualifications in the mining industry; and for matters connected therewith.

87 In this Constitution all references to sections are references to sections in *this Act*, unless otherwise indicated.

1 Establishment of Authority and committees

[An italicised word or phrase is defined in section 102 of the Mine Health and Safety Act, 1996 (Act 29 of 1996) (*this Act*) and an italicised word or phrase in bold is defined in item 24 of this Constitution.]

(1)⁸⁸ The Authority is established by section 41 (3).

(2)⁸⁹ The Authority may establish **committees**, *ad hoc* and subcommittees for such periods as the Authority may consider necessary, to achieve the objects or perform the functions of the Authority.

(3)⁹⁰ Every **committee** or *ad hoc committee* may, subject to such conditions as the Authority may determine, subcommittees for such periods as the **committee** may consider necessary to achieve the objects or perform the functions of that **committee**.

(4) In the case of **committees**, the chairperson of the Authority must inform the Minister of such establishment.

- 88 Section 46 (2) empowers the Authority to appoint *committees* and *ad hoc committees*, and subcommittees, for any period and on any conditions.
89 Section 46 (2) empowers the Authority to appoint *committees* and *ad hoc committees*, and subcommittees, for any period and on any conditions.
90 1. Section 46 (2) empowers the Authority to appoint *committees* and *ad hoc committees*, and subcommittees, for any period and on any conditions.
2. *Ad hoc* and subcommittees are distinguished in the definition of '*other committees*'.

2 Legal status

- (1) The *Authority* is a body corporate.
(2) All actions, suits or other proceedings at law, by or against any *committee* must be brought by or against the *Authority*.
(3) The *Authority* may authorise any person or persons to act on behalf of the *Authority* and to sign all such documents and to take all such steps as may be necessary in connection with any proceedings at law brought by or against the *Authority*.

3 Objects of Authority

- (1) The objects of the *Authority* are to-
- (a) 91 advise the *Minister* on-
- (i) *qualifications* and learning achievements in the mining industry to improve *health* and *safety standards* through proper training and education;
- (ii) standards and competency setting, assessment, examinations, quality assurance and accreditation in the mining industry; and
- (iii) proposals for the registration of education and training standards and qualifications in the mining industry on the *National Qualifications Framework* referred to in the South African Qualifications Authority Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995); and
- (b) 92 promote the objectives of the *National Qualifications Framework* in the mining industry, which are to-
- (i) create an integrated national framework for learning achievements;
- (ii) facilitate access to, and mobility and progression within education, training and career paths;
- (iii) enhance the quality of education and training;
- (iv) accelerate the redress of past unfair discrimination in education, training and employment opportunities; and thereby
- (v) contribute to the full personal development of each learner and the social and economic development of the nation at large.
- (2) In order to promote its objects the *Authority* must seek-
- (a) registration in terms of the *SAQA Act* as a body responsible for generating *education and training standards* and *qualifications* as contemplated in section 5 (1) (a) (ii) (aa) of that Act; and
- (b) accreditation in terms of the *SAQA Act* as a body responsible for monitoring and auditing achievements as contemplated in section 5 (1) (a) (ii) (bb) of that Act;
- 91 Section 41 (3) prescribes the objects of the *Authority*.
92 Section 2 of the *SAQA Act* determines the objectives of the *National Qualifications Framework*.

4 Functions of Authority⁹³

- (1) The *Authority* must-
- (a) generate education and training standards and qualifications in the mining industry;
- (b) propose *education and training standards* and *qualifications* to bodies registered with the South African Qualifications Authority and responsible for developing *education and training standards*;
- (c) monitor and audit achievements in terms of those standards and qualifications;
- (d) accredit providers, assessors and moderators of education and training in the mining industry;
- (e) analyse and prioritise education and training needs in the mining industry and recommend on the provision of such education and training;
- (f) promote a culture of *learning* in the mining industry;
- (g) assure the quality of education and training in the mining industry, without itself being a provider of education and training;
- (h) facilitate strategic human resources development planning in the mining industry;
- (i) liaise with the South African Qualifications Authority, or other bodies, persons or institutions concerned with or directly affected by education and training in the mining industry;
- (j) keep a record of learning for people in the mining industry;
- (k) perform any other function required by the South African Qualifications Authority in terms of the *Authority's* registration or accreditation; and
- (l) perform any, other function that must be performed by the *Authority* in terms of *this Act* or any other applicable law.
- (2) The *Authority* may perform any other function that may be performed by the *Authority* in terms of *this Act* or any other applicable law.
93 Sections 46 (1) (c), (d) and (e) determine the advisory functions of the *Authority*. Section 46 (5) requires that, in performing its functions, the *Authority* must comply with the policies and criteria formulated by the South African Qualifications Authority in terms of section 5 (1) (a) (ii) of the *SAQA Act*.

5 Functions of committees

Every *committee*, at the relevant levels of the *National Qualifications Framework* in the mining industry, must-

- (a) make recommendations to the *Authority* on-
- (i) the generation of *education and training standards* and *qualifications*;
- (ii) the assessment of *education and training standards* and *qualifications*; and
- (iii) the accreditation and moderation of education and training providers and assessors;
- (b) undertake activities necessary for the development and implementation of the *National Qualifications Framework*;
- (c) co-ordinate the activities and consider the reports of its subcommittees; and
- (d) perform such other functions delegated or assigned to it by the *Authority*.

6 Functions of other committees

Other committees must perform the functions assigned or delegated to them in terms of item 11.

7 Composition of Authority and committees

- (1)⁹⁴ The *Authority* consists of-

- (a) five members representing *employers* in the mining industry;
 - (b) five members representing *employees* in the mining industry;
 - (c) four members representing departments of State; and
 - (d) the *Chief Inspector of Mines* who must chair the *Authority*.
- (2) Every *committee* of the *Authority* consists of the following members:
- (a) five members representing *employers* in the mining industry;
 - (b) five members representing *employees* in the mining industry;
 - (c) five members representing departments of State; and
 - (d) an employee of the *Authority* who must chair the *committee*.
- (3) Every *other committee* consists of the number of members determined by the relevant *establishing authority*.
- (4) The *parties* are entitled to equal representation on *other committees*.

94 Section 45 (1) prescribes the membership of the Authority.

8 Nomination and appointment of members of committees

(1)⁹⁵ Members of the *Authority* are nominated and appointed in accordance with the *regulations* and members of any *committee* are nominated and appointed in accordance with this item.

- (2) Members of the relevant *establishing authority* may nominate persons as members representing their *party* on any *committee*.
- (3) The relevant *establishing authority*-
 - (a) must appoint the members; and
 - (b) may appoint one of the members as chairperson.

(4) If the relevant *establishing authority* does not appoint a chairperson, the *members* of the *committee* may appoint the chairperson from among their number.

(5)⁹⁶ Members representing *employees* or *employers* on any *committee* may hold office for such period as the relevant *establishing authority* may determine, which period may not exceed three years. A member whose period of office expires, may be reappointed.

- (6)⁹⁷ If the office of a member of any *committee* is vacated before the end of the period of office of such member, a person to replace such member must, subject to the provisions of this Constitution-
 - (a) be nominated by the *party* that was represented by the member; and
 - (b) be appointed by the relevant *establishing authority* for a period not exceeding the balance of the period of office of the member in whose place the person is appointed.

(7) The appointment of any member of any *committee* is subject to any condition that the relevant *establishing authority* may determine.

(8) The chairperson of the relevant *establishing authority* must in writing notify the members of their appointment.

(9) If a member appointed in terms of this item does not accept such appointment, a person to replace such person must be appointed in accordance with this item.

(10) Every *party* must appoint an *alternate* for each of its members on the *Authority*, a *committee* or *ad hoc committee* and must notify the chairperson of the *Authority* or the relevant *committee* or *ad hoc committee*, as the case may be, of such appointment.

- (11) The relevant *establishing authority*-
 - (a) may appoint *alternates* for members of subcommittees; and
 - (b) must notify-
 - (i) the *alternates* of their appointment; and
 - (ii) the members of their respective *alternates*.

95 Regulations 18.1 to 18.7 published by Government Notice R93 in the *Gazette* of 15 January 1997.

96 Regulation 18.5 published by Government Notice R93 in the *Gazette* of 15 January 1997 determines the term of office of members of the *Authority* and its *committees*.

97 Mine Health and Safety Regulation 18 (6) deals with the filling of casual vacancies of the *Authority*.

9 Vacation of office

- (1) A *member* vacates office-
 - (a) on expiry of the *member's* period of office; or
 - (b) if such *member*-
 - (i) is absent from two consecutive meetings of the *Authority* or *committee* for which such *member* is appointed without notifying the *chairperson* before the meeting that the *member* will be absent;
 - (ii) resigns as a *member*; or
 - (iii) is required to vacate office by the *party* or the organisation which that *member* represents;
 - (c) if such *member* was nominated by an organisation and that organisation no longer meets the criteria allowing it to nominate *members*; or
 - (d) if the *Authority* or *committee* on which the *member* serves, is abolished.

(2) If a member vacates office, the *alternate* appointed for such member ceases to hold office as *alternate*.

10 Appointment and functions of the executive officer

(1) The *Minister*, after consulting the *Authority*, must appoint a person with experience and expertise in matters relating to functions of the *Authority* as *executive officer* of the *Authority*.

(2) The *executive officer* must perform such functions as may be assigned to the *executive officer* by *this Act* or by the *Authority*.

(3) The *executive officer* must attend all meetings of the *Authority*.

(4) If the *executive officer* is absent or for any reason is unable to perform the functions of the *executive officer* or if there is a vacancy in the office of the *executive officer*, the chairperson of the *Authority* may designate an employee of the *Authority* to act as *executive officer* until the *executive officer* is able to resume the functions of *executive officer* or until an *executive officer* is appointed in terms of subitem (1).

(5) The *Authority* may, subject to the provisions of item 19 (2) (b), appoint persons as employees of the *Authority* to assist in the performance of the functions of the *executive officer*.

(6) The terms and conditions of service of persons appointed under subitem (5) are determined by the Minister after consulting the Authority.

11 Delegation and assignment of functions⁹⁸

(1) The Authority may delegate any of its powers or assign any of its functions by or under *this Act* to any committee or the executive officer.

(2) Any committee or ad hoc committee may delegate or assign any of its functions to any of its subcommittees.

(3) The executive officer may delegate any power or assign the performance of any function conferred or imposed upon the executive officer to any employee of the Authority.

(4) A delegation or assignment under subitem (1), (2) or (3)-

- (a) must be in writing;
- (b) may be subject to such conditions and restrictions as determined by the Authority, a committee, or an ad hoc committee or the executive officer, as the case may be; and
- (c) does not prevent the exercise of that power or performance of that function by the Authority, a committee or an ad hoc committee or the executive officer, as the case may be.

⁹⁸ Sections 46 (3) and (4) enable the Authority to delegate any of its powers or assign any of its duties by or under *this Act* in accordance with the constitution contemplated in section 97 (4).

12 Functions of the chairperson

(1) Every chairperson must, with regard to the Authority or committee which the person chairs-

- (a) allow each party to appoint from among its members a person to act as convenor of such party for communication purposes. If a party does not appoint such convenor, the chairperson may appoint any member of that party as convenor of the party;
- (b) cause meetings to be convened; and
- (c) ensure the orderly conduct of meetings and that all resolutions are recorded.

(2) A chairperson may order any member to leave a meeting if in the opinion of the chairperson the behaviour of such member is disruptive to the orderly conduct of the meeting.

(3)⁹⁹ If the chairperson of the Authority is unable to attend a meeting, the chairperson may designate another officer of the Mine Health and Safety Inspectorate, to chair the meeting.

(4) If the chairperson of a committee is unable to attend a meeting, the executive officer may designate another employee of the Authority to chair the meeting.

⁹⁹ If the chairperson of any other committee is unable to attend a meeting, a member of that committee may be elected in terms of item 17 (3).

13 Appointment and functions of secretary

(1) The executive officer must appoint a secretary for-

- (a) the Authority and every committee and ad hoc committee; and
- (b) any subcommittee if the establishing authority so requires.

(2) If a secretary is not appointed for a subcommittee, the members of that committee must keep a record of and report to the relevant establishing authority on their activities.

(3) A secretary must, with regard to the Authority or committee for which the secretary is appointed-

- (a) prepare the agenda for every meeting;
- (b) prepare the minutes of every meeting;
- (c) record every resolution of such meeting and if so requested by a member, the views of that member;
- (d) keep general records, records of members, minutes, documents and files of the Authority, or such committee; and
- (e) serve every member with-
 - (i) a convening notice and the agenda of a meeting at least five clear days before the meeting or two clear days before an urgent meeting;
 - (ii) any reports or documentation to be considered at a meeting, a reasonable period before the meeting; and
 - (iii) the minutes of every meeting.

14 Rights and obligations of members

(1) Any member who is unable to attend a meeting of the Authority or any committee-

- (a) may designate any alternate of that member's party on the Authority or that committee, as the case may be, to represent the member at the meeting; and
- (b) must before the meeting give notice of it to the chairperson.

(2) An alternate designated under subitem (1) (a), has the rights and obligations of the member whom that alternate represents.

(3) Every member has the right to-

- (a) be heard on any matter considered at the meeting;
- (b) take part in the resolution of any matter before the meeting; and
- (c) have their views, on any matter considered at the meeting, recorded in the minutes of the meeting and in any report or recommendation of the meeting.

15 Meetings

(1) The Authority must meet at least once every three months.

(2) Every committee and ad hoc committee must meet at least once every two months.

(3) Subcommittees must meet at such intervals and frequency as determined by their activities and the dates for the completion of their tasks.

(4) An urgent meeting of the Authority or any committee may be called by the chairperson at the written request of at least two members or when the chairperson deems it necessary.

(5) The Authority may direct any committee to call an urgent meeting to resolve any matter determined by the Authority.

(6) A committee or ad hoc committee may direct any of its subcommittees to call an urgent meeting to resolve any matter determined by

such committee.

16 Quorum

(1) Eight members form a quorum for any meeting of the Authority or a committee provided that at least two members of each party are present.

(2) The quorum for any other committee must be determined by the relevant establishing authority.

(3) Despite subitems (1) and (2), if the convenors of the parties in the Authority or any committee so agree, a smaller number may constitute a quorum for an urgent meeting of the Authority or that committee, as the case may be.

(4) If a quorum is not present at a meeting, the meeting must be postponed to a date, time and place determined by the chairperson. The members present at the subsequent meeting form a quorum for that meeting.

17 Procedures at meetings

(1) Items may be added to the agenda of any meeting if the meeting so decides.

(2) Any member who has a direct or personal financial interest in any matter before the meeting must, before the matter is discussed by the meeting, declare such interest to the meeting and the chairperson must determine whether such member may participate in the consideration of the matter.

(3) If the designated chairperson is not present at a meeting the members may elect from among their number a chairperson for that meeting.

18 Resolution of meeting

(1) The Authority or any committee must endeavour to reach consensus on any matter that requires resolution.

(2) If consensus cannot be reached on any matter after sincere endeavours to do so, a decision of the majority of members present and voting at a meeting constitutes the resolution on that matter by the Authority or any committee, as the case may be.

(3) Any report or advice of the Authority or any committee which reflects a resolution that was not reached by consensus, must reflect-

- (a) the different views of the members on the matter so resolved; and
- (b) which members supported each view.

(4) No resolution nor any act authorised by the Authority or any committee is invalid merely because of a vacancy on the Authority or that committee or because any person not entitled to sit as a member sat at such meeting at the time the resolution was taken or the act was authorised if a quorum was constituted by the rest of the members present at the meeting and entitled to sit as members at the meeting.

(5) The chairperson of a committee has no voting right.

19 Funds of Authority

(1)¹⁰⁰ The funds of the Authority consist of-

- (a) moneys appropriated by Parliament to perform its functions;
- (b) moneys which accrue to the Authority in terms of regulations made under this Act or in terms of any other applicable law;
- (c) revenue obtained from investments;
- (d) fees obtained from services provided by the Authority;
- (e) donations received from any person, body, government or administration; and
- (f) any other money received from any other source.

(2) Moneys appropriated by Parliament must be used for-

- (a) ¹⁰¹the payment to members who are not in the full-time service of the State of such remuneration and allowances as the Minister may determine with the agreement of the Minister of Finance;
- (b) ¹⁰²the payment of salaries, allowances, subsidies and other benefits as approved by the Minister, with the agreement of the Minister of Finance to the executive officer and other employees of the Authority; and
- (c) the payment for administrative functions of the Authority.

(3) Moneys referred to in subitem (1) (b), (c), (d) or (f) may be-

- (a) used as contemplated in this Act;
- (b) invested with any bank registered as such under the Banks Act, 1990 (Act 94 of 1990), or invested in such other manner as may be determined, by the Minister with the agreement of the Minister of Finance; and
- (c) used to register or utilise any intellectual property of the Authority.

(4) Moneys referred to in subitem (1) (e) must be utilised in accordance with the conditions, if any, imposed by the donor of such moneys.

(5) The chairperson of the Authority must for each financial year, submit a statement of estimated income and expenditure during such financial year to the Minister who, with the agreement of the Minister of Finance, must approve the budget for-

- (a) the first financial year, before the first meeting of the Authority; and
- (b) every other financial year, before the beginning of such financial year.

¹⁰⁰ In terms of Section 98 (3) (d) the Minister, after consulting the Mining Qualifications Authority, by notice in the Gazette, may make regulations to provide for the funding of the Mining Qualifications Authority including the manner in which such funds may be raised.

¹⁰¹ The regulations under section 98 (3) (d) require the agreement of the Minister of Finance for the provision of funds for the administration of the Authority and its committees from public funds.

¹⁰² The regulations under section 98 (3) (d) require the agreement of the Minister of Finance for the provision of funds for the administration of the Authority and its committees from public funds.

20 Accounting¹⁰³

(1) The executive officer is the accounting officer of the Authority.

(2) The accounting officer is responsible for all moneys received and payments made by the Authority.

(3) The financial year of the Authority ends on 31 March in each year.

(4) The accounting officer must cause records to be kept in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles that are necessary to represent fairly the state of affairs and business of the Authority and to explain the transactions and financial position of the Authority.

(5) Annual financial statements must be prepared in respect of every financial year. The statement must consist of-

- (a) a balance sheet dealing with the state of affairs of the Authority;
- (b) a return of income received and expenses incurred by the Authority; and

(c) a statement of cash flow information.

(6) The books of account, statements of account and annual financial statements of the *Authority* must be audited annually by the Auditor-General. The Auditor-General must compile a report on the audit and submit a copy of it to the *Minister* and the *chairperson* of the *Authority*.

(7) The *executive officer* of the *Authority* must supply each member of the *Authority* with a copy of the report of the Auditor-General.

(8) As soon as practicable after the report of the Auditor-General has been submitted to the *Minister* in terms of subitem (6), the *Minister* must table it in Parliament.

103 Section 46 (2) (b) provides that the Mining Qualifications Authority may administer and control its financial affairs.

21 Abolition of Authority and committees

(1) The *Authority* may be abolished by an Act of Parliament.

(2) The *Authority* may at any time abolish any *committee*.

(3) A *committee* or *ad hoc committee* may at any time abolish any subcommittee established by that *committee*.

22 Limitation of liability

(1) A *member* does not incur any civil liability only because of doing or failing to do something which such *member* may do or is required to do in terms of *this Act*.

(2) The *Authority* does not incur any civil liability only because a *member* or employee of the *Authority* took an action or failed to take an action under or in terms of *this Act*, and in taking or failing to take that action such person acted without negligence and in good faith.

23 Amendments to constitution¹⁰⁴

(1) If the *Minister* or the *Authority* wants to amend the constitution, the *Minister* or the *Authority*, as the case may be, must serve a proposal containing such amendments to the chairperson of the *Council* who must convene a meeting to consider the proposal.

(2) At such meeting the *Council* after consulting the *Authority* must consider the proposal and resolve either to-

- (i) support the proposal as it is; or
- (ii) support the proposal with certain amendments; or
- (iii) oppose the proposal.

(3) The *Council* must submit its resolution and the comments or the proposal of the *Authority*, as the case may be, to the *Minister*.

(4) If the *Council* resolves to support the proposal with certain amendments or to oppose the proposal, the motivation for such resolution and the amendments, if any, must be included in the submission to the *Minister*.

(5) If the *Authority* wants the constitution to be amended-

- (a) the proposal by the *Authority* is deemed to be consultation by the *Council* with the *Authority* contemplated in subitem (2); and
- (b) the resolution of the *Council* on the proposal by the *Authority* is deemed to be consultation by the *Minister* with the *Council* as contemplated in section 97 (1).

(6) If the *Minister* is not satisfied with the amendments or the motivation for the amendments, the *Minister* may refer the proposal back to the *Council* for further consideration.

104 Section 97 (1) read with 97 (4) of *this Act* authorises the *Minister* to add to, change or replace this Constitution, after consultation with the *Council* and the Mining Qualifications Authority, by publication in the *Gazette*.

24 Interpretation

Unless the context indicates otherwise-

'alternate' means any person appointed as an alternate to a member under item 8 (10);

'Authority' means the Mining Qualifications Authority established by section 41 (3);

'chairperson' means any person who chairs any meeting of the *Authority* or a *committee*;

'clear day' means any day of the week except Sundays and public holidays;

'committee' means any *committee*, *ad hoc committee* or subcommittee of the *Authority*;

'consensus' means unanimous agreement;

'education and training standards' means registered statements of desired education and training outcomes and their associated assessment criteria as defined in section 1 of the *SAQA Act*;

'establishing Authority' means-

- (i) in the case of the *Authority*, Parliament by legislation;
- (ii) in the case of a *committee* or *ad hoc committee*, the *Authority*; and
- (iii) in the case of a subcommittee, the *Authority* or any *committee* or *ad hoc committee* that establishes the subcommittee;

'executive officer' means the executive officer appointed in terms of item 10 (1) or designated in terms of item 10 (4);

'learning' means a process by which a person gains skills, knowledge and values;

'member' means any member of the *Authority* or any *committee* and includes any *alternate* designated by such member to attend a meeting of the *Authority* or any *committee* on behalf of such member;

'National Qualifications Framework' means the *National Qualifications Framework* as defined in section 1 of the *SAQA Act*;

'other committee'¹⁰⁵ means-

- (a) an *ad hoc committee* established for a limited term to perform any function of the *Authority* which is not a function of any *committee*; and
- (b) a subcommittee established by-
 - (i) the *Authority* to perform a function which is not assigned by or under *this Act* to a *committee*; and
 - (ii) a *committee* or an *ad hoc committee* to perform any function of that *committee*;

'party' means *employers*, *employees*, or the State, as the case may be;

'qualification' means the formal recognition of the achievement of the required number and range of credits and such other requirements at specific levels of the *National Qualifications Framework* as may be proposed by the Mining Qualifications Authority and determined by the South African Qualifications Authority as defined in section 1 of the *SAQA Act*; and

'SAQA Act' means the South African Qualifications Authority Act, 1995 (Act 58 of 1995).

105 If a function of the *Authority* needs to be performed on a permanent basis by a *committee*, the *Authority* may either delegate or assign the function to a

Schedule 8

[Schedule 8 added by s. 33 of Act 74 of 2008 (wef 30 May 2009).]

**Table 1
MAXIMUM FINES OR PERIOD OF IMPRISONMENT THAT CAN BE IMPOSED FOR OFFENCES**

Column 1 Section under which convicted	Column 2 Maximum fine and term of imprisonment
2	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
2A	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
3	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
5	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
6	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
7 (1)	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
10	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
11	R1000 000 or 5 yrs imprisonment
15	R500 000 or five years imprisonment
16	R500 000 or five years imprisonment
21 (1), (3) or (4)	R500 000 or five years imprisonment
22	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
24	R500 000 or five years imprisonment
52	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
53	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
62	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
66 (3)	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
70	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
71	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
84	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
85	R200 000 or two years imprisonment
87, 88, 89, 90	R50 000 or six months imprisonment
88	R300 000 or three years imprisonment

**TABLE 2
MAXIMUM FINES THAT CAN BE IMPOSED FOR CONTRAVENTIONS CONTEMPLATED IN SECTION 55B**

The maximum fine that can be imposed in terms of section 55B may not exceed an amount of R1000 000.

PENDLEX: Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 after amendment by the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act 74 of 2008

Section 50 (7A)

The *Inspector* may impose a prohibition on the further functioning of the site where-

- (a) a person's death;
- (b) serious injury or illness to a person; or
- (c) a health threatening occurrence,

has occurred by blocking, barring or barricading the site in such a manner as the *Inspector* may deem necessary.

Section 86A - Criminal liability

(1) An *employer, chief executive officer, manager, agent or employee* commits an offence if he or she contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of *this Act* thereby causing-

- (a) a person's death; or
- (b) serious injury or illness to a person.

(2) If a *chief executive officer, manager, agent or employee* of the *employer* commits an offence by performing or omitting to perform an act and such performance or omission would have constituted an offence had it been done by the *employer*, that *employer* is equally committing an offence if the act or omission fell within the scope of the authority or employment of the *chief executive officer, manager, agent or employee* concerned and the *employer*-

- (a) connived at or permitted the performance or an omission by the *chief executive officer, manager, agent, or employee* concerned; or
- (b) did not take all reasonable steps to prevent the performance or an omission.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (1) the-

- (a) fact that the person issued instructions prohibiting the performance or an omission is not in itself sufficient proof that all reasonable steps were taken to prevent the performance or an omission;
- (b) defence of ignorance or mistake by any person accused cannot be admitted; or
- (c) defence that the death of a person, injury, illness or endangerment was caused by the performance or an omission of an act falling within the scope of the authority or employment of any individual within the employ of the *employer* may not be admitted.

MINE HEALTH AND SAFETY AMENDMENT ACT 72 OF 1997¹

[ASSENTED TO 26 NOVEMBER 1997]

[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 15 JANUARY 1998]

(Unless otherwise indicated)

(*English text signed by the President*)

published in

GG 18488 of 3 December 1997

commencements

(see s. 48 of this Act)

provisions	date	refer to
whole Act, except s. 46	15 January 1998	Proc 2 in GG 18626 of 15 January 1998
s. 46	15 January 1997	s. 48 (2) of this Act

ACT

To amend the Mine Health and Safety Act, 1996, so as to provide for a system of administrative fines; to further regulate the operation of the tripartite institutions; to provide for the participation of health and safety representatives responsible for a working place in an inquiry in respect of that working place; and to effect certain textual alterations; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:-

1 This Act has been updated to include all available historical commencement details

1

Amends section 2 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (d).

2

Inserts section 2A in the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

3

Amends section 3 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (a).

4

Amends section 4 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

5

Substitutes section 5 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

6

Amends section 6 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (3).

7

Amends section 7 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes in subsection (1) the words preceding paragraph (a); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (1) (c); paragraph (c) substitutes subsection (2); and paragraph (d) adds subsections (4) and (5).

8

Amends section 8 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (c).

9

Amends section 16 (2) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by deleting paragraph (a).

10

Amends section 17 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

11

Amends section 20 (2) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (a).

12

Amends section 23 (2) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (d).

13

Amends section 26 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1) (k); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (4).

14

Amends section 30 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (b).

15

Amends section 33 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1) (h); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (4).

16

Amends section 39 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (6).

17

Amends section 41 (3) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes paragraph (a); and paragraph (b) substitutes paragraph (c).

18

Amends section 42 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) inserts subsection (2A); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsections (3) and (4).

19

Amends section 43 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes paragraph (a); paragraph (b) substitutes paragraph (e); and paragraph (c) inserts paragraph (eA).

20

Amends section 44 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (3) (b); paragraph (b) substitutes the first sentence of subsection (4); and paragraph (c) deletes subsection (5).

21

Amends section 45 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1) (d); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (3).

22

Amends section 46 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1) (a); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (1) (c) and (d); and paragraph (c) substitutes subsection (3).

23

Amends section 54 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting the words preceding paragraph (a).

24

Amends section 55 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting the words preceding paragraph (a).

25

Inserts sections 55A, 55B, 55C, 55D, 55E, 55F, 55G and 55H in the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

27

[sic]Amends section 57 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); and paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (2) (a).

28

Inserts section 57A in the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

29

Substitutes section 59 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

30

Amends section 60 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsections (1) and (2).

31

Amends section 63 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

32

Amends section 69 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (c).

33

Amends section 71 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsections (3) and (4).

34

Amends section 80 of the Afrikaans text of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

35

Amends section 86 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (2); and paragraph (c) deletes subsection (3).

36

Amends section 87 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

37

Amends section 91 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); paragraph (b) inserts subsections (1A), (1B) and (1C); and paragraph (c) adds subsection (4).

38

Amends section 92 (5) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting the Table.

39

Amends section 96 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (2).

40

Amends section 97 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsections (3) and (4); and paragraph (b) substitutes in the Afrikaans text subsection (6).

41

Amends section 98 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1) (zF); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (1) (zJ); paragraph (c) adds subsection (1) (zO); and paragraph (d) substitutes subsection (7).

42

Amends section 101 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by deleting subsection (1).

43

Amends section 102 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) inserts the definition of 'chief executive officer'; paragraph (b) substitutes the definition of 'Department'; paragraph (c) substitutes the definition of 'employer'; paragraph (d) substitutes the definition of 'inspector'; paragraph (e) substitutes the definition of 'Minister'; paragraph (f) substitutes the definition of 'occupational disease'; paragraph (g) substitutes the definition of 'owner'; paragraph (h) inserts the definition of 'Principal Inspector of Mines'; paragraph (i) substitutes paragraph (d) of the definition of 'this Act'; and paragraph (j) inserts the definition of 'topsoil'.

44

Amends Schedule 2 to the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (b) (ii) (aa).

45

Amends Part B of Schedule 3 to the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by inserting after the expression 'Mines and Works Act, 1956 (Act 27 of 1956)' the expression 'Atmospheric Pollution Act, 1965 (Act 45 of 1965)'.

46

Amends Schedule 4 to the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting item 4.

[Date of commencement of s. 46: 15 January 1997.]

47

Amends the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes the expression '*Chief Inspector of Mines*' for the expression '*Chief Inspector*', wherever it occurs; paragraph (b) substitutes the expression '*Gazette*' for the expression '*Government Gazette*', wherever it occurs; paragraph (c) substitutes the expression '*employer*' for the expressions '*owner*', '*owner or an employer*', '*owner or manager*', '*owner or the employer*', '*owner, manager*', '*management*' and '*an owner or employer*', wherever they occur; paragraph (d) substitutes the expression '*employers*' for the expressions '*owners*' and '*owners, employers and managers*', wherever they occur; paragraph (e) substitutes the expression '*employer*' for the expression '*manager*', wherever it occurs, except in sections 3 and 4; paragraph (f) substitutes the expression '*an employer*' for the expression '*a manager*', wherever it occurs, except in sections 3 and 4; and paragraph (g) substitutes the expression '*employers*' for the expression '*managers*', wherever it occurs, except in sections 3 and 4.

48 Short title and commencement

(1) This is the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act, 1997, and comes into operation on a date fixed by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

(2) Section 46 must be regarded as having come into operation on 15 January 1997.

MINE HEALTH AND SAFETY AMENDMENT ACT 74 OF 2008¹

[ASSENTED TO 15 APRIL 2009]

[DATE OF COMMENCEMENT: 30 MAY 2009]

(Unless otherwise indicated)

published in

GG 32140 of 16 April 2009

commencements

(see s. 35 of this Act)

provisions	date	refer to
whole Act, except ss. 16 and 26	30 May 2009	Proc 38 in GG 32226 of 12 May 2009
ss. 16 and 26	to be proclaimed	s. 35 of this Act

ACT

To amend the Mine Health and Safety Act, 1996, so as to review and strengthen enforcement provisions; to simplify the administrative system for the issuing of fines; to reinforce offences and penalties; to substitute, add and remove ambiguities in certain definitions and expressions; and to effect certain amendments necessary to ensure consistency with other laws, particularly the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act, 2002; and to provide for matters connected therewith.

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:-

1 This Act has been updated to include all available historical commencement details

1

Amends section 2 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (2).

2

Amends section 2A of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by adding subsection (6).

3

Amends section 10 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by adding subsections (4) and (5).

4

Amends section 11 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) inserts subsection (5) (aA); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (5) (d) (i); paragraph (c) substitutes subsection (5) (e); paragraph (d) inserts subsection (5A); and paragraph (e) adds subsections (5A) and (5B).

5

Amends section 13 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) deletes subsection (3) (a) (ii); paragraph (b) deletes subsection (4); and paragraph (c) inserts subsections (4A) and (4B).

6

Amends section 17 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (2).

7

Amends section 20 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by adding subsection (7).

8

Amends section 23 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by adding subsection (4).

9

Amends section 41 (2) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting the words preceding paragraph (a).

10

Amends section 42 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (2); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (2A); and paragraph (c) inserts subsection (2B).

11

Amends section 43 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting paragraph (eA).

12

Repeals section 44 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

13

Amends section 47 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

14

Amends section 49 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1) (j); paragraph (b) substitutes subsection (1) (k); paragraph (c) adds subsection (1) (l), (m) and (n); paragraph (d) substitutes in subsection (3) the words preceding paragraph (a); paragraph (e) substitutes subsection (3) (b); paragraph (f) substitutes subsection (4); and paragraph (g) adds subsection (6).

15

Inserts sections 49A and 49B in the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

16

Amends section 50 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by inserting subsection (7A).
[Date of commencement of s. 16: to be proclaimed.]

17

Amends section 54 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by deleting subsections (7), (8), (9) and (10).

18

Amends section 55A of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); paragraph (b) deletes subsection (2); paragraph (c) substitutes in subsection (3) the words preceding paragraph (a); and paragraph (d) adds subsections (4) and (5).

19

Substitutes section 55B of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

20

Repeals sections 55C, 55D, 55E, 55F, 55G and 55H of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

21

Amends section 57 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

22

Repeals section 57A of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

23

Amends section 63 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (1).

24

Amends section 71 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting subsection (3).

25

Amends section 76 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by adding subsection (3).

26

Inserts section 86A in the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

[Date of commencement of s. 26: to be proclaimed.]

27

Amends section 91 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (1); paragraph (b) deletes subsection (1A); paragraph (c) substitutes in subsection (1B) the words preceding paragraph (a); paragraph (d) substitutes subsection (1B) (a); paragraph (e) substitutes in subsection (1C) the words preceding paragraph (a); and paragraph (f) substitutes subsection (2).

28

Amends section 92 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes subsection (5); paragraph (b) deletes the table; and paragraph (c) adds subsections (6) and (7).

29

Amends section 98 (1) of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) substitutes paragraph (zN); paragraph (b) substitutes paragraph (zO); and paragraph (c) adds paragraph (zP).

30

Amends section 102 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996, as follows: paragraph (a) inserts the definition of 'Constitution'; paragraph (b) inserts the definition of 'Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act'; paragraph (c) deletes the definition of 'Minerals Act'; paragraph (d) deletes the definition of 'occupational health practitioner'; paragraph (e) substitutes the definition of 'occupational medical practitioner'; paragraph (f) amends the definition of 'owner'; paragraph (g) inserts the definition of 'Public Finance Management Act'; and paragraph (h) substitutes the definition of 'topsoil'.

31

Substitutes section 104 of the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

32

Amends Schedule 4 to the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by adding item 7.

33

Adds Schedule 8 to the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996.

34

(1) Amends the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting the word 'committee' or 'committees' for the expression 'permanent committee', wherever it occurs.

(2) Amends the Mine Health and Safety Act 29 of 1996 by substituting the expression 'Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act' for the expression 'Minerals Act', wherever it occurs.

35 Short title and commencement

This Act is called the Mine Health and Safety Amendment Act, 2008, and takes effect on a date to be determined by the President by proclamation in the *Gazette*.

