HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF SOUTH AFRICA

PROFESSIONAL BOARD FOR DENTAL THERAPY
AND ORAL HYGIENE

PREPARATION GUIDE
FOR THE
BOARD EXAMINATION FOR DENTAL ASSISTANTS
1 LEARNING CLUSTER: OVERVIEW OF DEFINITIONS

DENTITION AND CHARTING

• Name and identify the location of each tooth surface
• Distinguish between primary, mixed, and permanent dentitions
• Describe the FDI charting system

2 LEARNING CLUSTER: INFECTION CONTROL

Microbiology

• Discuss pathogenes of importance in the dental practice, e.g. hepatitis, TB, herpes, HIV/AIDS
• Types of pathogenes that are relevant to dentists or in the dental practice

Disease Transmission and Infection Control

• Describe the chain of infection and preventing transmission of infectious agents/disease in oral health care facilities
• List standard precautions for diseases transition
• What is the rational standard for precautions
• Identify the categories of risk for occupational exposure, occupational health and safety
• Describe the pre-and post exposure protocols for an exposure incident
• Explain proper hand hygiene for oral health care workers
• Explain the advantages of alcohol-based hand rubs
• Discuss the types of PPE needed for Dental Assistants
• Explain the importance of various types of personal protective equipment
• Demonstrate the proper sequence for donning and removing personal protective equipment
• Identify the various types of gloves used in an oral health care facility
• Describe the proper handling and disposal methods for each type of waste generated in dentistry
• Explain the precautions necessary when treating an active tuberculosis patient
• Identify Spaulding’s classification of instruments surface as it relates to sterilization and disinfection

Principles and Techniques of Disinfection

• Explain why dental treatment-room surfaces need barriers or disinfection
• List the types of surfaces in the oral health care facility typically covered with barriers
• Describe the two methods to deal with surface contamination
• Explain the difference between disinfection and sterilization
• Explain the difference between a disinfectant and an antiseptic
• Identify chemical products used for intermediate-level and low-level surface disinfection, and explain the advantages and disadvantages of each
• Demonstrate the process of cleaning and disinfecting all surfaces in a treatment room
• Describe the processes of pre-cleaning contaminated dental instruments
• Explain the precautions when using chemical sterilants/disinfectants

Principles and Techniques of Instrument Processing and Sterilization

• Discuss the steps in processing dental instruments
• Describe the three most common methods of heat sterilization and the advantages and disadvantages of each
• Describe the precautions necessary when packaging materials for sterilization
• Describe the steps in cleaning and sterilization of the high-speed dental hand piece
• Describe the safety precautions necessary when operating an ultrasonic cleaner
• Know the different types of sterilizers

Chemical and Waste Management

• Identify types of regulated waste generated in an oral health care facility
• Identify types of toxic waste generated in an oral health care facility
• Describe how to package regulated waste for transport

3 LEARNING CLUSTER: DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT PLANNING

The Patient Record

• Identify the purpose of a patient’s record
• Discuss the importance of the patient’s medical/dental health history and its relevance to dental treatment and medication

Oral Diagnosis and Treatment Planning

• Discuss the role of the Dental Assistant in the clinical examination
• Differentiate between an anatomic and a geometric diagram (box chart) for charting
• Discuss the importance of a treatment plan

The Medically and Physically Compromised Patient

• Discuss the diseases and conditions of importance in the medical history related to dentistry
• Discuss the importance of the patient’s medication and its relevance to dental treatment
• Cardiovascular – myocardial infarction, angina, hypertension, congestive heart failure, rheumatic fever, infective endocarditis (pace maker)
• Lung conditions – asthma, TB
• Neurological conditions – epilepsy, mental retardation, stroke, cerebral palsy, sensory impaired (blind and deaf)
• Diabetes
• Pregnancy
• Infectious diseases – hepatitis, HIV/Aids
• Young and geriatric patients
Principles of Pharmacology

- Describe the common signs and symptoms of an emergency and how to recognize them
- List the basic items that must be included in an emergency kit
- Discuss the use of a defibrillator in an emergency
- Describe how to respond to specific emergencies

4 LEARNING CLUSTER: RESTORATIVE DENTAL PROCEDURES

Restoration and Aesthetic Dental Materials

- List the properties of dental materials and how they affect their application
- Describe the properties of all restorative materials (amalgam, composite resin, glass ionomers and temporary materials) and its application in restoring teeth

Dental Liners, Bases, and Bonding Systems

- Discuss how the sensitivity of a tooth determines what type of dental material is selected for a procedure
- Discuss how and why cavity liners, varnishes, dentin sealers, dental bases are used in restoring tooth structure
- Describe the etching and bonding process of a tooth and related materials

Dental Cements

- Describe luting cements and differentiate between permanent and temporary cements

General Dentistry

- Discuss the differences in assisting with an amalgam versus a composite restoration
- Describe the need for placement of an intermediate restoration (temporary)
- Describe the procedure of composite veneers

Matrix Systems for Restorative Dentistry

- Describe the type of matrices used for anterior and posterior restorations
- Discuss the purpose and use of a wedge
- Discuss alternative methods of matrix systems used in restorative dentistry

5. ETHICS AND HUMAN RIGHTS

Ethical Consideration

A. Define the ethical behavior
B. Define five ethical concepts that are important to a dental assistant
i. Confidentiality
ii. Respect for the profession
iii. Respect for fellow staff and dentist
iv. Maintain skills and knowledge
v. Refrain from services prohibited by state law

Risk Management Consideration

A. Define risk management

B. List seven elements of an informed consent
   i. Description of treatment
   ii. Alternative of treatment
   iii. Risk of complications
   iv. Prognosis
   v. Cost
   vi. Time needed to complete
   vii. Age and mental capacity of patient

C. **Explain three ways to obtain informed consent**
   i. Implied consent
   ii. Verbal consent
   iii. Written consent

D. **Describe thirteen ways to manage risk**
   i. Informed consent
   ii. Review medical history
   iii. Emergency preparedness
   iv. Clear/realistic patient expectations
   v. Maintain high level of skills
   vi. Adequate patient safety equipment
   vii. Disclosure of unexpected events
   viii. Comprehensive/accurate treatment record
   ix. Never criticize previous treatment
   x. Protect privacy of patient (HIPP)
   xi. Document privacy of patient (HIPPA)
   xii. Identify responsibility/obligations in the dentist/patient relationship
   xiii. How to respond to a threat of malpractice suit

E. **List Six Guidelines for Managing Chart Entries as a Legal Record**
   i. Keep a separate chart for each patient
   ii. Correct errors properly
   iii. Make chart entry during patient visit, do not rely on memory
   iv. Write legibly, ink date and initial each entry
   v. The entry should be complete
   vi. Never change or alter the chart after a problem arises
6 LEARNING CLUSTER: PROSTHODONTICS

Impression Materials

- List the three types of impressions taken in an oral health care facility
- Describe the types of impression trays and their characteristics of use
- Discuss hydrocolloid impression materials and their uses, mixing techniques, and application
- Discuss elastomeric impression materials and their uses, mixing techniques, and application
- Describe the importance of an occlusal registration and its use in a procedure
- Discuss the safety precautions that should be taken in the dental laboratory
- List the types of equipment found in a dental laboratory and their uses

7 LEARNING CLUSTER: ENDODONTICS

- Explain emergency endodontics
- Explain emergency routine
- Explain stages in endodontics procedures
- Explain material in endodontics
- Explain instruments in endodontics

8 LEARNING CLUSTER: PERIODONTICS

- Distinguish between periodontitis and gingivitis
- Explain plaque and calculus
- Explain the causes of periodontitis and gingivitis
- Identify and describe the instruments used in periodontal therapy
- Discuss periodontal surgical dressing materials and techniques applied
- Identify the risk factors that contribute to periodontal disease and dental caries
- Describe dental therapies for periodontal diseases

9 LEARNING CLUSTER: ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

9A. Preparation of surgery

- Describe the indications for oral and maxillofacial surgery
- Discuss the role of the Dental Assistant during oral surgery
- Discuss the importance of the chain of asepsis during a surgical procedure
- Identify instruments used for surgical procedures including extractions
- Describe post-operative care, including possible complication, given to a patient after a surgical procedure
- Explain different types of four asepsis
9B. Anaesthesia and Pain Control

- Reasons to use nitrous oxide
- Explain the equipment
- Prepare and check the equipment prior to the procedure
- Explain the side effects of nitrous oxide

9C. Local Anaesthetics

- Different types of anaesthetics
- Different types of topical anaesthetics
- Different types of local anaesthetics
- Explain side effects of local anaesthetics

10 LEARNING CLUSTER: ORTHODONTICS

Orthodontics

- Identify and give the functions of the basic orthodontic instruments and materials used
- Pre and post instructions.

11 RADIOGRAPHY

Foundations of Radiography, Radiographic Equipment, and Radiation Safety

- Discuss the effects of radiation exposure on the human body
- Describe the methods of protecting the public, patients, and oral health care workers from excess radiation

Dental Film and Processing Radiographs

- Describe the care and maintenance of the processing solutions, equipment, and equipment accessories used in manual and automatic film processing
- Describe common film processing (time and temperature) errors
- State the types and indications for the three types of dental radiographs
- Identify the five basic sizes of intra-oral dental film

Legal issues, Quality assurance, and Infection Control

- Explain the infection control requirements for handling radiographs

12 PAEDODONTICS

- Describe basic child management techniques
- List indicators of child abuse
• Describe caries
• Describe risk factors associated with caries and basic education
• Describe preventative techniques in children

13 PRACTICE MANAGEMENT

• Communicate with patients in respect of reception, appointment scheduling, fees and other enquiries related to activities performed in the dental environment
• Manage patient appointments, patient records and billing
• Manage the required registers in the dental environment, which includes, but is not limited to dental imaging, stock control, waste management, patient statistics, patient records and referrals
• Liaise with stakeholders involved in patient care, which includes, but is not limited to third party funders, other oral health practitioners, dental laboratories and dental suppliers

14 ORAL HEALTH EDUCATION AND PROMOTION

Oral Health Education and Promotion

• Identify home care instructions for a permanent fixed prosthesis
• Discuss patient instructions for dentures
• Educate patients in preventive care, including tooth brushing, flossing and fluoride application

15 DENTAL ASSISTANT CLINICAL PRACTICE

Dental Hand Instruments

• List the examination, cutting and restorative instruments and their uses
• Describe the use of preset trays and tubs in dentistry
• Discuss the theory of placing an instrument in a specific sequence
• Maintenance and sterilization techniques of rotary instruments

Dental Hand pieces and Accessories

• Describe rotary instruments (high-speed and low-speed hand pieces) and how they are used
• List the parts of a bur, composition, shape, and uses (cutting, finishing and polishing accessories)

Moisture Control

• List isolation techniques to decrease moisture during a dental procedure
• Describe the two types of oral evacuation systems used in dentistry (high-volume and low-volume suction)
• Describe the dental (rubber) dam, equipment and its role in moisture control
16 COMMON DENTAL EMERGENCIES AND THEIR MANAGEMENT

- Obstructive airway
- Respiratory problems (hyperventilation/astmatic patient)
- Cardiac conditions (hypertension)
- CVA/stroke
- Epilepsy
- Fainting/syncope
- Local and systemic allergic reactions
- Emergency trolley and its equipments and instruments.
- Knowledge of basic emergency life support up to level one.